

Q5X Parameter Data Function Block

11/14/2022

This document covers the installation and use of a function block for Siemen's TIA Portal software package. This function block handles acyclic IO-Link commands to and from a Banner Q5X sensor and allows the user to easily change Q5X Parameter Data. The Q5X 2000 will be used for this document.

Each Banner IO-Link Device Parameter Data function block is meant to be used alongside a Banner IO-Link Device Master Control function block. This paper describes how to set up both blocks.

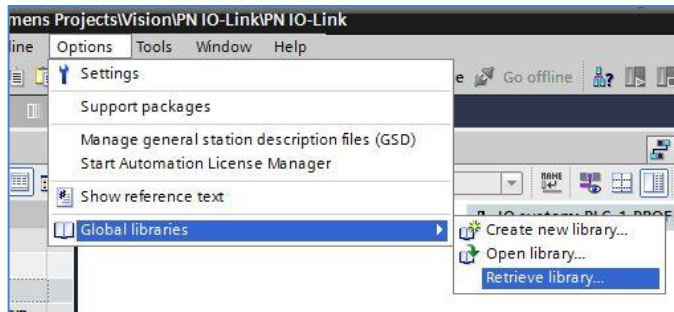
Components

Banner Q5X Library.zal14

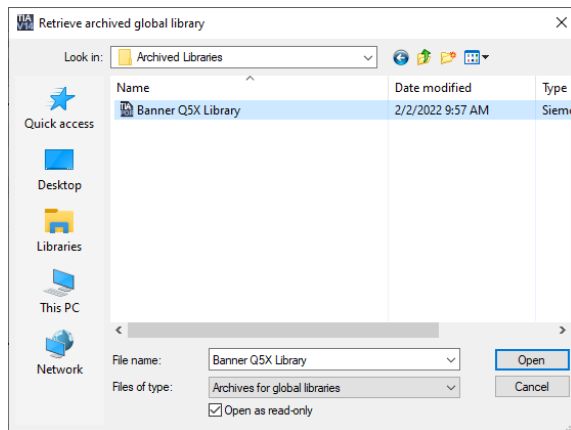
There are two methods for the parameter data. The first is used when creating a connection to Banner's IO-Link masters. The second set of instructions are for systems using other manufacturer's IO-Link masters.

Installation Instructions

1. Open a project.
2. Go to Options > Global Libraries > Retrieve Library.



3. Select the Banner Q5X Library. Click Open.



4. The library is now accessible in the Libraries tab.
5. Go to page 3 for Banner IO-Link Masters and to page 7 for all other IO-Link Masters.

Setup of Q5X with a Banner DXMR90-4K

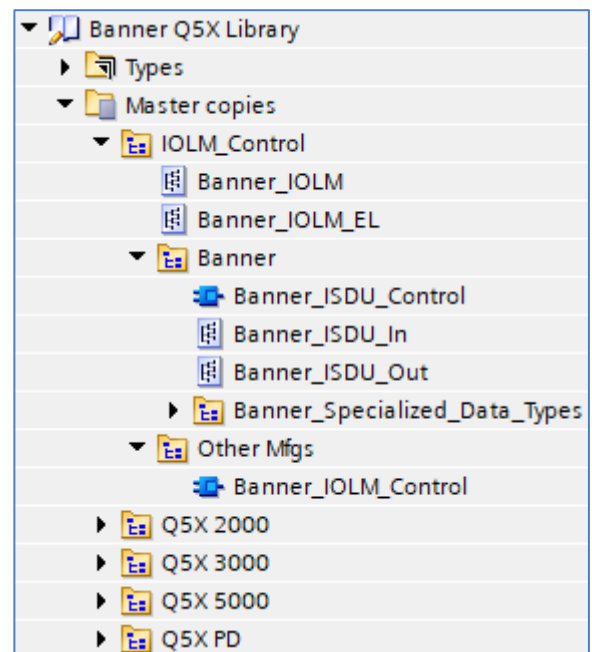
1. Go to Device and Networks to configure the DXMR90-4K. Add the DXMR90-4K if it has yet to be added to the system.
2. Add Banner IO-Link Master Info to Slot 1. This sets the DXMR90-4K for IO-Link mode.

Banner IO-Link Master Info_1	0	1	1...9	Banner IO-Link Master Info
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3. Open the IO-Link Generic Devices and select the proper module. The IO-Link ISDU 190/190 Byte_1 is required for this Function Block. Make note of the I address for the Slot 10. The inputs data starts at I185 while the outputs data starts at Q185 for this example.

IO-Link ISDU 190/190 Byte_1	0	10	185...380	185...380	IO-Link ISDU 190/190 Byte
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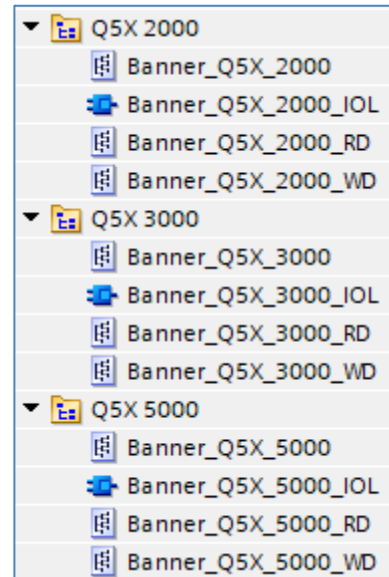
4. Drag the Banner_IOLM and Banner_IOLM_EL to the PLC Data Types area under your PLC. These are found in the IOLM_Control.
5. Open the Banner folder and drag the Banner_ISDU_Control to the Program blocks area.
6. Open the folder of Q5X that you have. Either 2000, 3000, or 5000.
7. Move the function block into the Program blocks area. In this example the Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL will be used.
8. Finally move the three data types to the PLC Data Types. In this example Banner_Q5X_2000, Banner_Q5X_2000_RD, Banner_Q5X_2000_WD, Banner_ISDU_in, and Banner_ISDU_out will be used.



9. Go to PLC Tags. Create two tags. The first tag “IOLM1 ISDU In” and the second tag is “IOLM1 ISDU Out”. Use the %I and %Q values from step 2.
10. Go to Program blocks. Add a new Data block if necessary. In this example the new data block is named “db”.

▶ IOLM1 ISDU In	*Banner_ISDU_In*	%I185.0
▶ IOLM1 ISDU Out	*Banner_ISDU_Out*	%Q185.0

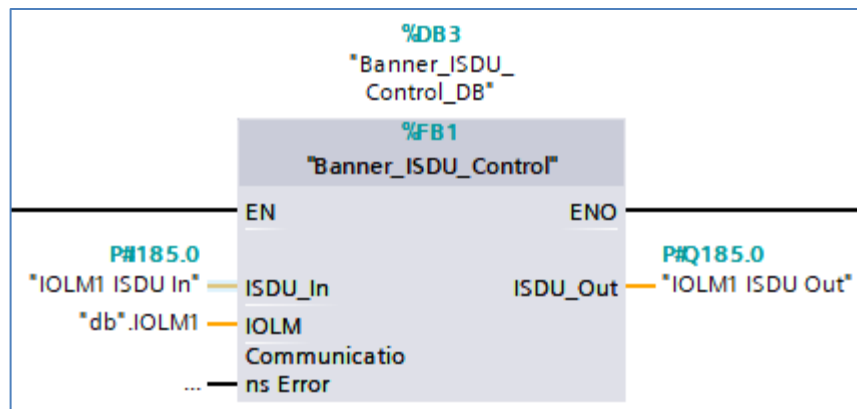
11. Create a tag with the type of “Banner_IOLM”. This example uses IOLM1.



12. Expand the IOLM1 tag, then expand the Port Controlled section. The Port Controlled tag array determines which of the ports has a function block-controlled Banner IO-Link device plugged into it. Each Port Controlled array tag with **true** as the start value is considered to have such a device connected. Correctly setting this array allows the Device and IO-Link Master function blocks to control the device on that port. Errors will occur if a port without an IO-Link device is set to true.

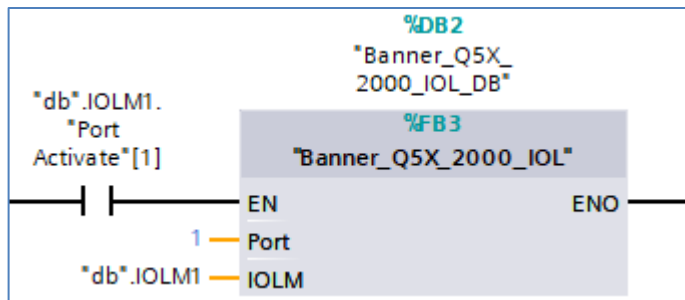
db			
	Name	Data type	Start value
[-DI]	[-] IOLM1	"Banner_IOLM"	
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled	Array[1..8] of Bool	
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[1]	Bool	true
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[2]	Bool	true
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[3]	Bool	true
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[4]	Bool	false
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[5]	Bool	false
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[6]	Bool	false
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[7]	Bool	false
[-DI]	[-] Port Controlled[8]	Bool	false
[-DI]	[-] Port Activate	Array[1..8] of Bool	
[-DI]	[-] Port Read Request	Array[1..8] of Bool	
[-DI]	[-] Port Write Request	Array[1..8] of Bool	
[-DI]	[-] Port RW Complete	Array[1..8] of Bool	
[-DI]	[-] Port Device Read	Array[1..8] of Bool	
[-DI]	[-] Transfer Data	Array[0..231] of B...	
[-DI]	[-] Wr_Length	UInt	0
[-DI]	[-] Rd_Length	UInt	0
[-DI]	[-] IO-Index	Int	0
[-DI]	[-] Reset	Bool	false

11. Next add the "Banner_ISDU_Control" function block to an OB ladder. You will be prompted to make a new data block. You now must define three input variables for this function block: ISDU_In, ISDU_Out, and IOLM.



12. Link the IOLM variable to the database IOLM tag created in step 7. While ISDU_In are linked to variables created in step 7.
13. Now add the "Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL", "Banner_Q5X_3000_IOL", or "Banner_Q5X_5000_IOL" function block to an OB ladder. You will be prompted to make a new data block. Type in the port number for the device, then link the "IOLM" variable to the IO-Link master variable created in step 10.

As a final step, the Port Activate bit is added on the same rung as the Q5X function block to ensure orderly behavior. The IO-Link Master function block will cycle through all ports, giving each connected device function block a time to shine.

















14. The Q5X Parameter Data function block is now set up. Compile the project and download it to the PLC. Go online, then open the Q5X data block. When the function block starts out, it does an initial global read of all Q5X information. The Read Data section of the data block shows this information.

Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL_DB				
	Name	Data type	Start value	Monitor value
6	Static			
7	Q5X Data	"Banner_Q5X_2000"		
8	Initial Global Read	Bool	false	TRUE
9	Command	Int	0	0
10	Port	SInt	0	0
11	Read Data	"Banner_Q5X_200..."		
12	Master Cycle Time	USInt	0	40
13	Min Cycle Time	USInt	0	36
14	M-Sequence Capability	USInt	0	9
15	IO-Link Version ID	USInt	0	17
16	Process Data Input Len...	USInt	0	195
17	Process Data Output Le...	USInt	0	8
18	Vendor ID Combined	UDInt	0	451
19	Vendor ID 1	USInt	0	1
20	Vendor ID 2	USInt	0	195

The Write Data section of the data block shows all the writeable parameter data for the Q5X. Simply change a value here and it will be automatically written to the sensor via a one-time acyclic write through the IO-Link Master.

It is almost like the Q5X is a PROFINET-speaking device!

Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL_DB					
		Name	Data type	Start value	Monitor value
39		Write Data	*Banner_Q5X_200...		
40		System Command	USInt	0	0
41		Parameter Access Lock	Bool	false	FALSE
42		Data Storage Lock	Bool	false	FALSE
43		Local Parameterization ...	Bool	false	FALSE
44		Local User Interface Lock	Bool	false	FALSE
45		Teach Channel	USInt	0	0
46		BDC1 Setpoint SP1	UDInt	0	250
47		BDC1 Setpoint SP2	UDInt	0	0
48		BDC1 Switchpoint	USInt	0	0
49		BDC1 BDC Mode	USInt	0	128
50		BDC1 Hysteresis	UInt	0	0
51		BDC2 Setpoint SP1	UDInt	0	8388608
52		BDC2 Setpoint SP2	UDInt	0	0

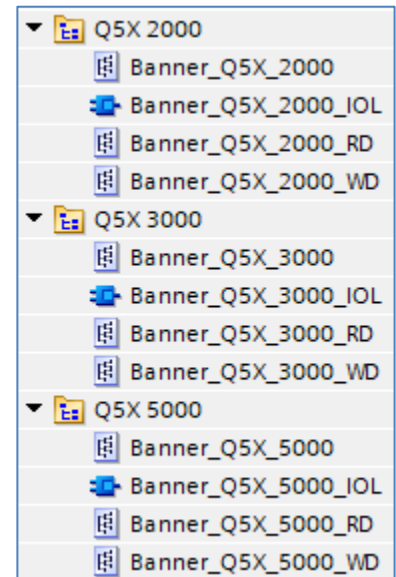
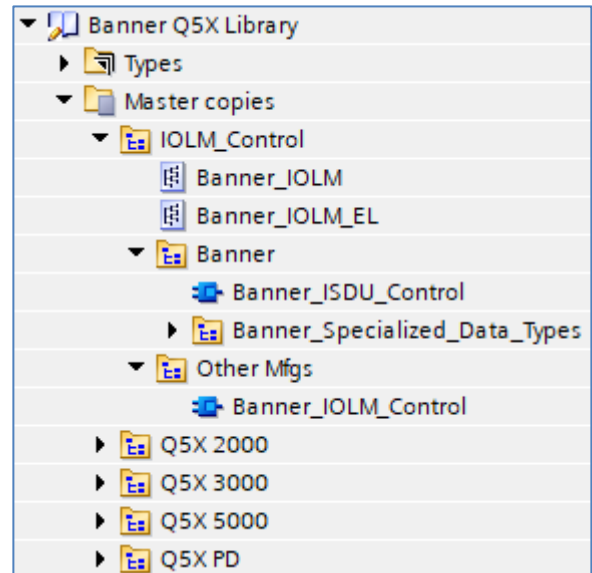
Setup of Q5X with other IO-Link Masters

Additional Component Needed

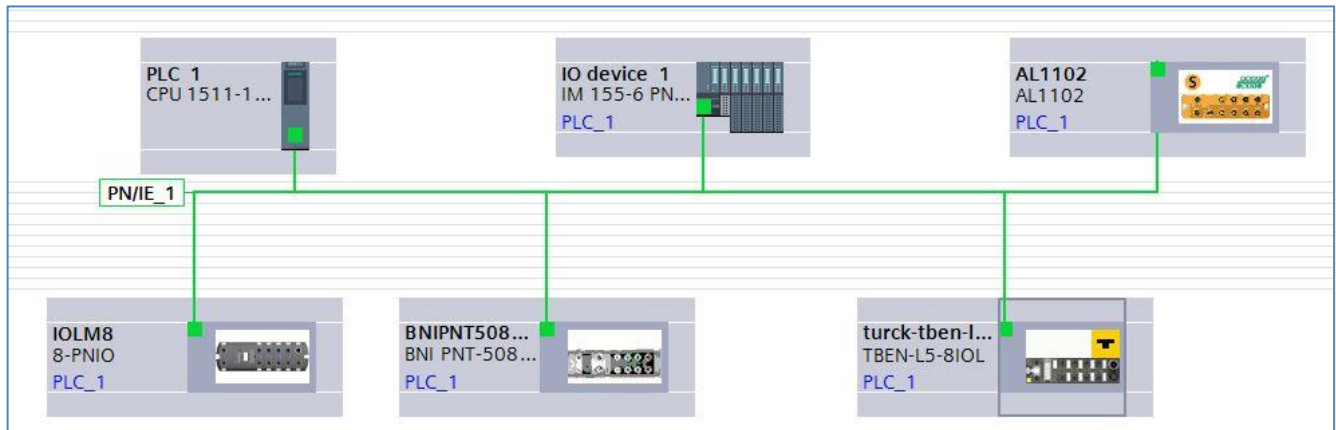
Siemens IO_LINK_DEVICE function block

Installation Instructions

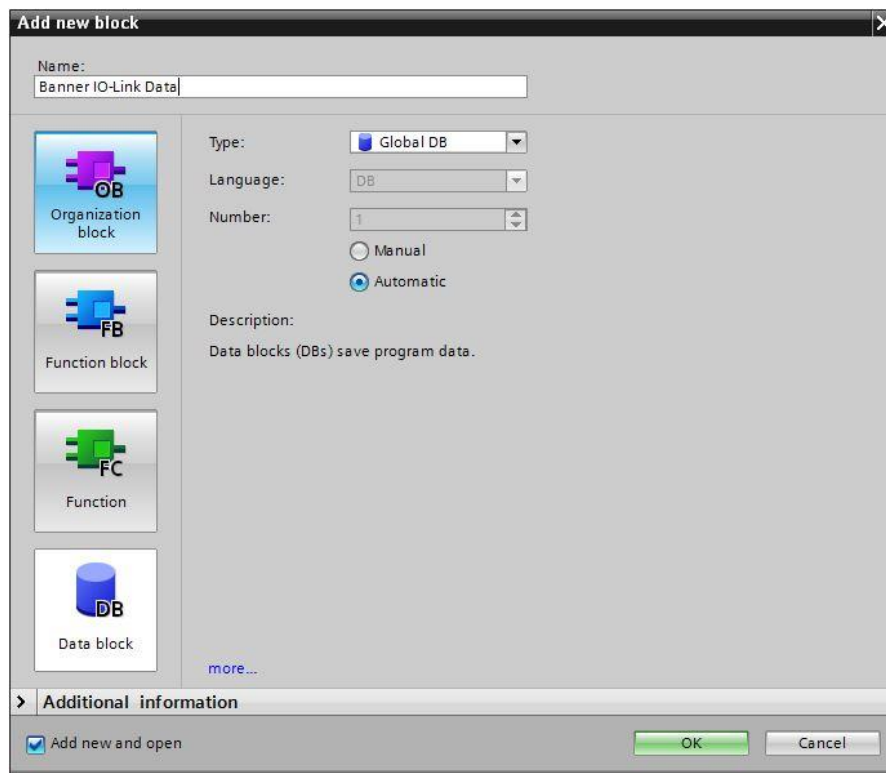
1. The Banner Q5X Library will now be in the Global Library List. Expand the Master copies section. The Q5X folder contains elements for both Process Data and Parameter Data connections to a Q5X sensor.
2. Open the folder of the Q5X sensor that is being used. For this example the Q5X 2000 version will be used.
3. As Parameter Data is the focus of this paper, we will concern ourselves with these four items: Banner_Q5X_2000, Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL, Banner_Q5X_2000_RD, and Banner_Q5X_2000_WD.
4. Drag Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL to the Program Blocks area under your PLC.
5. Drag the Banner_Q5X_2000, Banner_Q5X_2000_RD, and Banner_Q5X_2000_WD to the PLC Data Types area under your PLC.
6. We also must prepare for setting up the IO-Link Master. Go to the IOLM_Control section of the Banner IO-Link Library List.
7. Drag Banner_IOLM and Banner_IOLM_EL to the PLC Data Types area under your PLC.
8. Drag the Banner_IOLM_Control to the Program Blocks area under your PLC.
9. Finally, we must bring the Siemens-made IO_LINK_DEVICE function block specific to your PLC into our project. This can be found in a Siemens IO-Link Library. See their website for more details. Once that library is retrieved and opened, drag IO_LINK_DEVICE to the Program Blocks area under your PLC.




10. Go to Devices and networks to configure the system as necessary. Below is an example of what a configuration might look like. This example shows 5 different IO-Link Masters connected to the same PLC.



11. Go to Program blocks. Add a new Data block if necessary. In this example the new data block is named "Banner IO-Link Data".



12. In the new data block, create a new tag to represent the IO-Link Master, using the data type "Banner_IOLM". This example uses the tag name "IOLM2". A different IO-Link Master might be called IOLM1 or IOLM3, for instance.

Banner IO-Link Data				
		Name	Data type	Start value
1		▼ Static		
2		■ ► IOLM2	"Banner_IOLM"	

13. Expand the IOLM2 tag, then expand the Port Controlled section. The Port Controlled tag array determines which of the ports has a function block-controlled Banner IO-Link device plugged into it. Each Port Controlled array tag with **true** as the start value is considered to have such a device connected. Correctly setting this array allows the Device and IO-Link Master function blocks to control the device on that port. Errors will occur if a port without an IO-Link device is set to true.

Banner IO-Link Data			
	Name	Data type	Start value
5	IOLM2	"Banner_IOLM"	
6	Port Controlled	Array[1..8] of Bool	
7	Port Controlled[1]	Bool	false
8	Port Controlled[2]	Bool	false
9	Port Controlled[3]	Bool	false
10	Port Controlled[4]	Bool	false
11	Port Controlled[5]	Bool	true
12	Port Controlled[6]	Bool	false
13	Port Controlled[7]	Bool	false
14	Port Controlled[8]	Bool	false
15	Port Activate	Array[1..8] of Bool	
16	Port Read Request	Array[1..8] of Bool	
17	Port Write Request	Array[1..8] of Bool	
18	Port RW Complete	Array[1..8] of Bool	
19	Port Device Read	Array[1..8] of Bool	
20	Transfer Data	Array[0..231] of Byte	
21	Wr_Length	Int	0
22	Rd_Length	Int	0
23	IO-Index	Int	0
24	Reset	Bool	false

14. Next add the "Banner_IOLM_Control" function block to an OB ladder. You will be prompted to make a new data block. You now must define three input variables for this function block: CAP, ID Control state, and IOLM.

Defining an input variable for the fourth input, Communications Error, is optional.

The Client Access Point (CAP) varies, depending on the specific IO-Link Master used.

IO-Link Master	CAP
Balluff (BNI PNT-508-105-Z015)	255
Control (IOLMPN8P)	255
ifm (AL1102)	46080
Siemens (CM 4xIO-Link)	227
Turck (TBEN-L5-8IOL)	251

The ID Control state variable should be “true” if using an IO-Link Master from ifm; otherwise it should be set to “false”.

Link the “IOLM” input variable to the tag created in step 13.

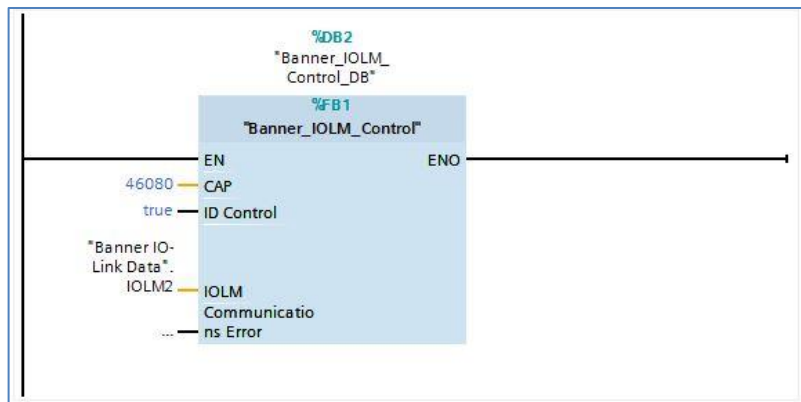


Figure 1: An example using an ifm IO-Link Master

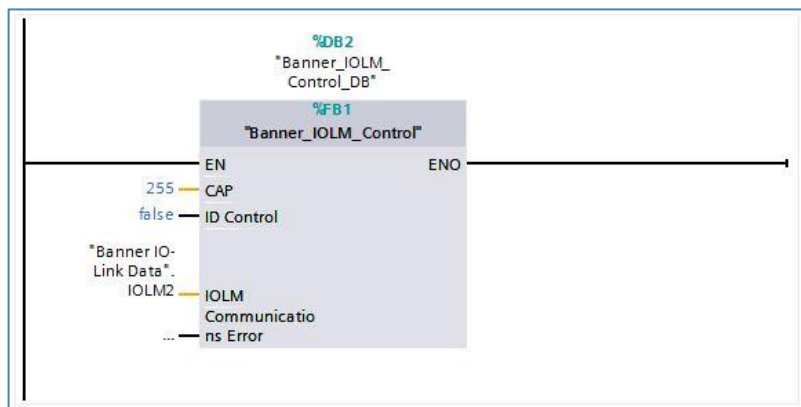


Figure 2: An example using a Balluff IO-Link Master

- The ID Control true/false state is linked to an array called “ID_Array”, found in “Banner_IOLM_Control_DB”. This array contains the Hardware ID property of the PROFINET configuration.

See Appendix A for more information on how to find the correct value for your specific IO-Link Master.

In the case of an IO-Link Master from ifm, each port has a different Hardware ID and each number must be entered into the correct place. The example shown in Figure 3 is of an IO-Link device connected to port 6 of an ifm IO-Link Master. The ifm IO-Link Master's port 6 Hardware ID is entered into the "ID_Array[6]" slot. This full array of different Hardware IDs, based on port used, is used when the "ID Control" variable is set to true (i.e. only when the IO-Link Master is from ifm).

IO-Link Masters from other vendors use a single Hardware ID value for all ports. In this case, the Hardware ID is entered into the "ID_Array[1]" slot of the array, regardless of the port to which the device is connected. This array is ignored (but the [1] slot is still important) when the "ID Control" variable is set to false.

ID_Array		Array[1..8] of HW_IO	
■	ID_Array[1]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[2]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[3]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[4]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[5]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[6]	HW_IO	279
■	ID_Array[7]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[8]	HW_IO	0

Figure 3: The ID_Array when using an ifm IO-Link Master; device attached to port 6

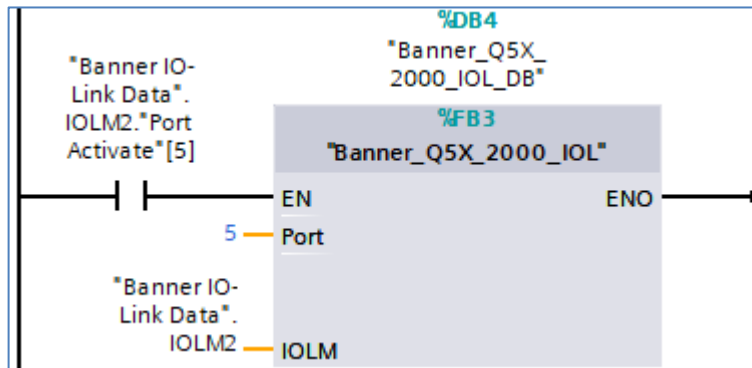
ID_Array		Array[1..8] of HW_IO	
■	ID_Array[1]	HW_IO	309
■	ID_Array[2]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[3]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[4]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[5]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[6]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[7]	HW_IO	0
■	ID_Array[8]	HW_IO	0

Figure 4: The ID_Array when using a Balluff IO-Link Master; device attached to any port (only ID_Array[1] is used)

- Now add the "Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL" function block to an OB ladder. You will be prompted to make a new data block. Type in the port number for the device, then link the "IOLM" variable to the IO-Link master variable created in step 13.

As a final step, the Port Activate bit is added on the same rung as the Q5X 2000 function block to ensure orderly behavior. The IO-Link Master function block will cycle through all ports,

giving each connected device function block a time to shine.



17. The Q5X 2000 Parameter Data function block is now set up. Compile the project and download it to the PLC. Go online, then open the Q5X 2000 data block. When the function block starts out, it does an initial global read of all Q5X 2000 information. The Read Data section of the data block shows this information.















Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL_DB				
	Name	Data type	Start value	Monitor value
6	Static			
7	Q5X Data	"Banner_Q5X_2000"		
8	Initial Global Read	Bool	false	TRUE
9	Command	Int	0	0
10	Port	SInt	0	0
11	Read Data	"Banner_Q5X_200..."		
12	Master Cycle Time	USInt	0	40
13	Min Cycle Time	USInt	0	36
14	M-Sequence Capability	USInt	0	9
15	IO-Link Version ID	USInt	0	17
16	Process Data Input Len...	USInt	0	195
17	Process Data Output Le..	USInt	0	8
18	Vendor ID Combined	UDInt	0	451
19	Vendor ID 1	USInt	0	1
20	Vendor ID 2	USInt	0	195

18. The Write Data section of the data block shows all the writeable parameter data for the Q5X 2000. Simply change a value here and it will be automatically written to the sensor via a one-time acyclic write through the IO-Link Master.

It is almost like the Q5X is a PROFINET-speaking device!

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Q5X Parameter Data Function Block

Banner_Q5X_2000_IOL_DB					
		Name	Data type	Start value	Monitor value
39		■ ▼ Write Data	*Banner_Q5X_200...		
40		■ System Command	USInt	0	0
41		■ Parameter Access Lock	Bool	false	FALSE
42		■ Data Storage Lock	Bool	false	FALSE
43		■ Local Parameterization ...	Bool	false	FALSE
44		■ Local User Interface Lock	Bool	false	FALSE
45		■ Teach Channel	USInt	0	0
46		■ BDC1 Setpoint SP1	UDInt	0	250
47		■ BDC1 Setpoint SP2	UDInt	0	0
48		■ BDC1 Switchpoint	USInt	0	0
49		■ BDC1 BDC Mode	USInt	0	128
50		■ BDC1 Hysteresis	UInt	0	0
51		■ BDC2 Setpoint SP1	UDInt	0	8388608
52		■ BDC2 Setpoint SP2	UDInt	0	0

Appendix A

IO-Link Master Hardware ID Numbers

The Hardware ID number used in “ID_Array” in the “Banner_IOLM_Control_DB” function block is not trivial to find. Each manufacturer uses the Hardware Identifier of a slightly different subcomponent as the value required for our purposes. Furthermore, the Hardware Identifier numbers will change based on the number of devices in your configuration. These pictures show which subcomponent’s Hardware ID is relevant to the function block.

In each case, click on the hardware device from the “Devices & Networks” view. Click on “Properties”, then click on “System Constants” to see the screen shots below.

Balluff

Use the Hardware Identifier from the “BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015_1” Hw_SubModule. Type this number into the [1] slot of the ID_Array found in the “Banner_IOLM_Control_DB” data block.

The screenshot displays the SIMATIC Manager interface. The top part shows a 3D model of the device rack. The right pane, titled "Device overview", lists the modules in the rack:

Module	Rack	Slot	I address	Q address
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015	0	0		
PN-IO	0	0 X1		
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015_1	0	1		
IOL_I/O_32/32 byte_1	0	2	324...355	320...351
	0	3		
	0	4		
	0	5		
	0	6		
	0	7		
	0	8		
	0	9		
	0	10		
	0	11		

The bottom pane shows the "System constants" tab for the selected device. It contains a table of hardware identifiers:

Name	Type	Hardware identi.	Used by	Comment
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015-PN-IO-port_1_-M12	Hw_Interface	306	PLC_1	
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015-PN-IO-port_2_-M12	Hw_Interface	307	PLC_1	
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015-PN-IO	Hw_Interface	305	PLC_1	
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015-Proxy	Hw_SubModule	304	PLC_1	
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015-Head	Hw_SubModule	308	PLC_1	
BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015-BNI_PNT-508-105-Z015_1	Hw_SubModule	309	PLC_1	

Figure 5: Balluff BNI005H. Type this value into the “ID_Array[1]” location.

Control

Use the Hardware Identifier from the “Head” Hw_SubModule. Type this number into the [1] slot of the ID_Array found in the “Banner_IOLM_Control_DB” data block.

The screenshot displays the HW Config interface for an IOLM8 [8-PNIO] device. The 'Device overview' table on the right provides a summary of the hardware configuration, including the rack, slot, and I/Q addresses for each module. The 'System constants' table at the bottom lists the hardware identifiers for various components, with the 'IOLM8-Head' highlighted in red.

Module	Rack	Slot	I address	Q address	Type
IOLM8	0	0			Hw_SubModule
Interface	0	0 X1			Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_1	0	1	68...99	64...95	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_2	0	2	100...131	96...127	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_3	0	3	132...163	128...159	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_4	0	4	164...195	160...191	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_5	0	5	196...227	192...223	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_6	0	6	228...259	224...255	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_7	0	7	260...291	256...287	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_8	0	8	292...323	288...319	Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_9	0	9			Hw_Interface
IO-Link In/Out 32 bytes_10	0	10			Hw_Interface

Name	Type	Hardware identi.	Used by	Comment
IOLM8~Interface~Port_1	Hw_Interface	274	PLC_1	
IOLM8~Interface~Port_2	Hw_Interface	275	PLC_1	
IOLM8~Interface	Hw_Interface	273	PLC_1	
IOLM8~Proxy	Hw_SubModule	272	PLC_1	
IOLM8~Head	Hw_SubModule	276	PLC_1	

Figure 6: Control IOLM8 PNIO. Type this value into the “ID_Array[1]” location.

Turck

Use the Hardware Identifier from the “Basic_1” Hw_SubModule. Type this number into the [1] slot of the ID_Array found in the “Banner_IOLM_Control_DB” data block.

The screenshot displays the Siemens STEP 7 HW Config interface. The main window shows a rack configuration with a Turck TBEN-L5-8IOL module. The 'Device overview' table on the right lists the modules and their addresses. The 'System constants' table at the bottom lists the hardware identifiers for each module, with 'tben-Basic_1' highlighted in red.

Module	Rack	Slot	I address	Q address
tben	0	0		
PN-HO	0	0 X1		
Basic_1	0	Basic	33...36	33...34
	0	IO-Lin...		
	0	IO-Lin...		
	0	IO-Lin...		
	0	IO-Lin...		
	0	IO-Lin...		
IN 32 BYTE/OUT 32 BYTE_1	0	IO-Lin...	356...387	352...383
	0	IO-Lin...		
	0	Diagn...		
	0	IO-Lin...		

Name	Type	Hardware identi.	Used by	Comment
tben-PN-HO-Port_1	Hw_Interface	298	PLC_1	
tben-PN-HO-Port_2	Hw_Interface	299	PLC_1	
tben-PN-HO	Hw_Interface	297	PLC_1	
tben-Proxy	Hw_SubModule	296	PLC_1	
tben-Head	Hw_SubModule	300	PLC_1	
tben-Basic_1	Hw_SubModule	301	PLC_1	

Figure 3: Turck TBEN-L5-8IOL. Type this value into the “ID_Array[1]” location.

Siemens

Use the Hardware Identifier from the “CM_4xIO-Link_1” Hw_SubModule. Type this number into the [1] slot of the ID_Array ID_Array found in the “Banner_IOLM_Control_DB” data block.

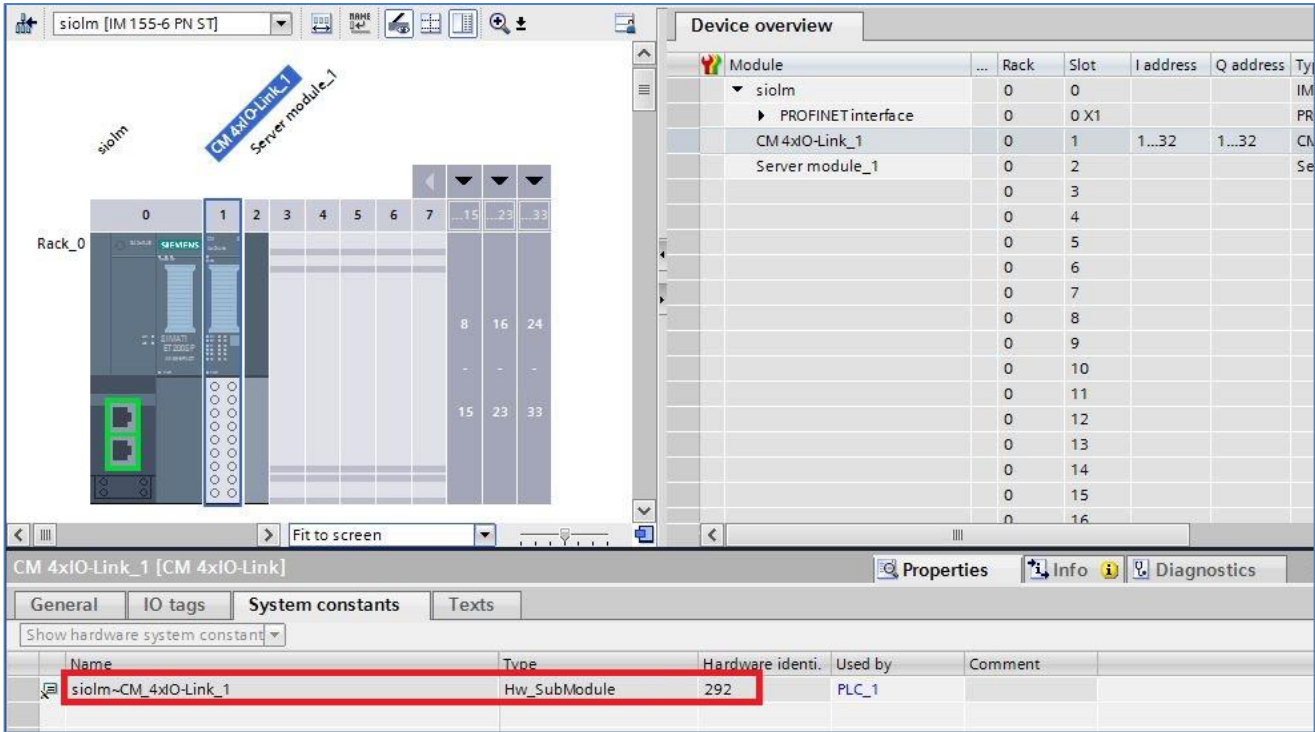


Figure 4: Siemens CM 4xIO-Link Master on ET-200SP. Type this value into the “ID_Array[1]” location.

ifm

Use the Hardware Identifier from the port to which the IO-Link Device you wish to control is connected Hw_SubModule. Each port is a different Hardware identifier. You will need to populate the ID_Array, found in the “Banner_IOLM_Control_DB” data block, with the correct values. In the example below, port 6 on the master has a Hardware ID of “279”. Thus, the [6] entry in the ID_Array variable should be set to “279”.

The screenshot displays the SIMATIC Manager interface for an ifm AL1102 IO-Link Master. The 'Device overview' table on the right lists the modules and their hardware identifiers. The 'System constants' table at the bottom shows the hardware identifier for the selected port (AL1102-8_Ports_1~IO-Link_In__2_Byte_+_PQI) as 279.

Module	Rack	Slot	I address	Q addr...
AL1102	0	0		
X1	0	0 X1		
8 Ports_1	0	1		
IO-Link Master	0	1 1		
	0	1 2		
	0	1 3		
	0	1 4		
	0	1 5		
	0	1 6		
IO-Link In 2 Byte + PQI	0	1 7	68...70	
	0	1 8		
	0	1 9		

Name	Type	Hardware identi.	Used by	Comment
AL1102-8_Ports_1~IO-Link_In__2_Byte_+_PQI	Hw_SubModule	279	LC_1	

Figure 5: ifm AL1102: each port on the ifm IO-Link Master has its own Hardware ID. Type these values into the correct “ID_Array[x]” location, where ‘x’ is the port number in question ([6] here, as the ports are labeled 2 through 9).

Appendix B

Command Register

The “Command” register can be used to control the connected IO-Link device ‘by hand’. Placing the correct command numbers into this register is how the Function Block achieves its automatic control.

Name	Data type	Start value	Monitor value
▼ Static			
■ ▼ Q5X Data	"Banner_Q5X_2000"		
■ Initial Global Read	Bool	false	TRUE
■ Command	Int	0	0
■ Port	SInt	0	0
■ ▼ Read Data	"Banner_Q5X_200..."		

The table below shows the command numbers associated with the reading and writing of specific pieces of data. See the Q5X 5000 IODD file or the Q5X 5000 IO-Link Data Reference Guide for more information of the parameters.

Table 1: Function Block Command Numbers

Q5X 2000 Parameter (IO-Link Index #)	Read Command	Write Command
Global Read (all)	1	
Direct Parameters (0)	2	
System Command (2)		42
Device Access Locks (12)	3	43
Serial Number (21)	4	
Teach in Channel (58)	5	44
Teach Status (59)	6	
BDC1 Setpoints (60)	7	45
BDC1 Configuration (61)	8	46
BDC2 Setpoints (62)	9	47
BDC2 Configuration (63)	10	48
Configuration (64)	11	49
BDC1 Vendor Specific Config (65)	12	50
BDC2 Vendor Specific Config (66)	13	51
Status (67)	14	
Pulse Frequency Configuration (71)	15	52
Display String (72)	16	
All Time Run Time (69)	17	
Resettable Run Time (70)	18	53
All Time Run Time Event (76)	19	54
Resettable Run Time Event (77)	20	55