

# L-GAGE® LE250/550 IO-Link Laser Gauging Sensors

Instruction Manual

Original Instructions  
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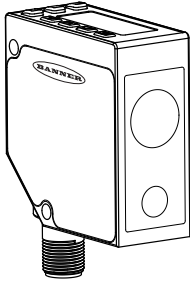


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# 1 Product Description



- Easy to set up and use with a 2-line, 8-character display
- Various sizes of visible red laser, depending on target size, distance, and color characteristics
- Sensing range options up to 1 meter
- IO-Link v1.1



**WARNING:**

- **Do not use this device for personnel protection**
- Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.

## 1.1 Models

| Family    | Range                                 | Output   | Laser Class                                 | Connector                                     |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| <b>LE</b> | <b>550</b>                            | <b>I</b>   | <b>Blank</b>                                | <b>Q</b>                                      |
|           | 550 = 100-1000 mm<br>250 = 100-400 mm | K= IO-Link and PNP discrete                        | Blank = Class 2 laser<br>C1 = Class 1 Laser | Q = Rotatable M12 QD<br>QP = PVC M12 150mm QD |
|           |                                       | <i>NOTE: Discrete NPN/PNP is user configurable</i> |   | <i>QD models require mating cordset</i>       |

Information about additional L-GAGE LE models, such as analog output models, is available at [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com).

## 1.2 Overview

The L-GAGE LE250/550 IO-LINK Laser Gauging Sensor is a visible, bore-sighted laser displacement sensor designed for precise, color-insensitive measurements. The LE series of sensors includes models covering various ranges, spot sizes, and measurement performance.

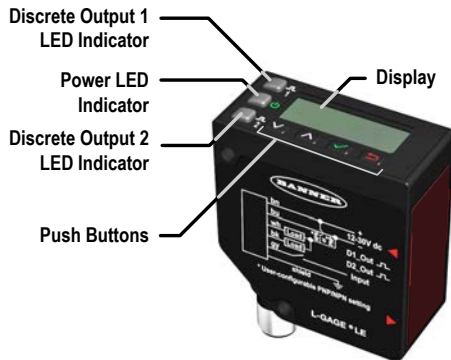
A 2-line LCD shows the real-time distance measurement, in either millimeters or inches, and provides an intuitive interface for easy sensor setup.

See [Factory Default Settings](#) on page 24 for a list of sensor default settings.

Models with current or voltage analog outputs are available.

## 1.2.1 Features and Indicators

Figure 1. LE IO-Link Sensor Features



Three LED indicators provide ongoing indication of the sensing status.

### Power LED Indicator

Solid Green = Normal operation, power On and laser On  
Flashing Green (1 Hz) = Power On and laser Off (laser enable mode)

### Discrete Output LED Indicators

Solid Amber = Discrete Output is On  
Off = Discrete Output is Off

## 1.2.2 Display

Figure 2. LE550 Display in Run Mode



The display is a 2-line, 8-character LCD. The main screen is the Run mode screen, which shows the real-time distance measurement.

## 1.2.3 Buttons

Use the sensor buttons **Down**, **Up**, **Enter**, and **Escape** to program the sensor and to access sensor information.



### Down and Up Buttons

Press **Down** and **Up** to:

- Access the Quick Menu from Run mode
- Navigate the menu systems
- Change programming settings

When navigating the menu systems, the menu items loop.

Press **Down** and **Up** to change setting values. Press and hold the buttons to cycle through numeric values. After changing a setting value, it slowly flashes until the change is saved using the **Enter** button.



### Enter Button

Press **Enter** to:

- Access the Sensor Menu from Run mode
- Access the submenus
- Save changes

In the Sensor Menu, a check mark '✓' in the lower right corner of the display indicates that pressing **Enter** accesses a submenu.

Press **Enter** to save changes. New values flash rapidly and the sensor returns to the parent menu.




### Escape Button

Press **Escape** to:

- Leave the current menu and return to the parent menu
- Return to Run mode from the Quick Menu



**Important:** Pressing **Escape** discards any unsaved programming changes.

In the Sensor Menu, a return arrow  in the upper left corner of the display indicates that pressing **Escape** returns to the parent menu.

Press and hold **Escape** for 2 seconds to return to Run mode from any menu or remote teach.

## 1.3 Laser Description and Safety Information



### CAUTION:

- **Return defective units to the manufacturer.**
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.
- Do not attempt to disassemble this sensor for repair. A defective unit must be returned to the manufacturer.

### 1.3 Class 2 Laser Models



### CAUTION:

- **Never stare directly into the sensor lens.**
- Laser light can damage your eyes.
- Avoid placing any mirror-like object in the beam. Never use a mirror as a retroreflective target.



### For Safe Laser Use - Class 2 Lasers

- Do not stare at the laser.
- Do not point the laser at a person's eye.
- Mount open laser beam paths either above or below eye level, where practical.
- Terminate the beam emitted by the laser product at the end of its useful path.

Reference IEC 60825-1:2007, Section 8.2.

### Class 2 Lasers

Class 2 lasers are lasers that emit visible radiation in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm, where eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses, including the blink reflex. This reaction may be expected to provide adequate protection under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

### Class 2 Laser Safety Notes

Low-power lasers are, by definition, incapable of causing eye injury within the duration of a blink (aversion response) of 0.25 seconds. They also must emit only visible wavelengths (400 to 700 nm). Therefore, an ocular hazard may exist only if individuals overcome their natural aversion to bright light and stare directly into the laser beam.

Figure 3. FDA (CDRH) warning label (Class 2)



### 1.3 Class 1 Laser Models

Class 1 lasers are lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

**Laser wavelength:** 650 nm    **Output:** < 0.22 mW    **Pulse Duration:** 150  $\mu$ s to 900  $\mu$ s

Figure 4. FDA (CDRH) warning label (Class 1)



## 2 Sensor Installation



**Note:** Handle the sensor with care during installation and operation. Sensor windows soiled by fingerprints, dust, water, oil, etc. may create stray light that may degrade the peak performance of the sensor. Blow the window clear using filtered, compressed air, then clean as necessary using 70% isopropyl alcohol and cotton swabs or water and a soft cloth.

### 2.1 Sensor Orientation

Correct sensor-to-object orientation is important to ensure proper sensing. See the following figures for examples of correct and incorrect sensor-to-object orientation as certain placements may pose problems for sensing distances.

Figure 5. Orientation by a wall

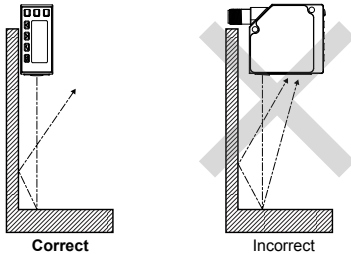


Figure 6. Orientation in an opening

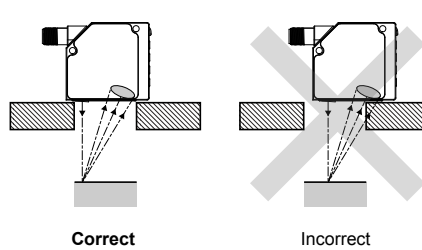


Figure 7. Orientation for a turning object

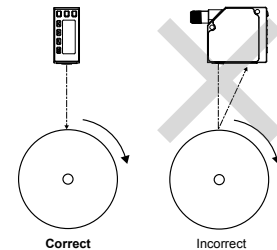


Figure 8. Orientation for a height difference

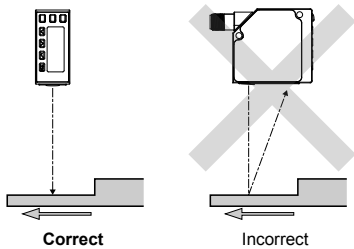


Figure 9. Orientation for a color or luster difference

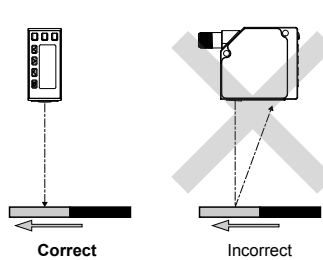
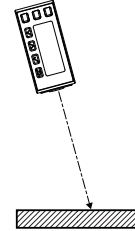


Figure 10. Orientation for a highly reflective target



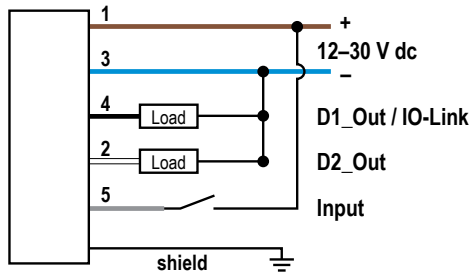
Applying tilt to sensor may improve performance on reflective targets. The direction and magnitude of the tilt depends on the application, but a 15° tilt is often sufficient.

### 2.2 Mount the Device

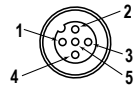
1. If a bracket is needed, mount the device onto the bracket.
2. Mount the device (or the device and the bracket) to the machine or equipment at the desired location. Do not tighten the mounting screws at this time.
3. Check the device alignment.
4. Tighten the mounting screws to secure the device (or the device and the bracket) in the aligned position.

## 2.3 Wiring Diagrams

Figure 11. IO-Link Models



### Key



- 1 = Brown
- 2 = White
- 3 = Blue
- 4 = Black
- 5 = Gray



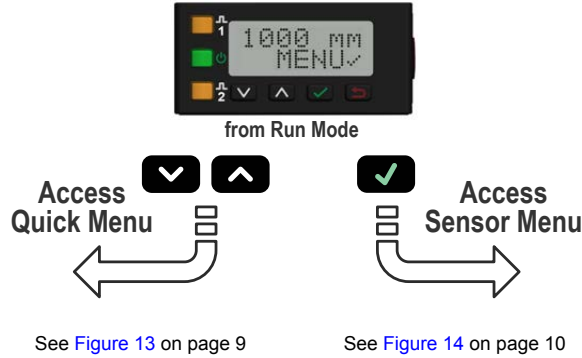
# 3 Sensor Programming

Program the sensor using the buttons on the sensor or the remote input (limited programming options).

From Run mode, use the buttons to access the Quick Menu and the Sensor Menu. See [Quick Menu](#) on page 9 and [Sensor Menu \(MENU\)](#) on page 10 for more information on the options available from each menu. For TEACH options, follow the TEACH instructions.

In addition to programming the sensor, use the remote input to disable the buttons for security, preventing unauthorized or accidental programming changes. See [Remote Input](#) on page 10 for more information.

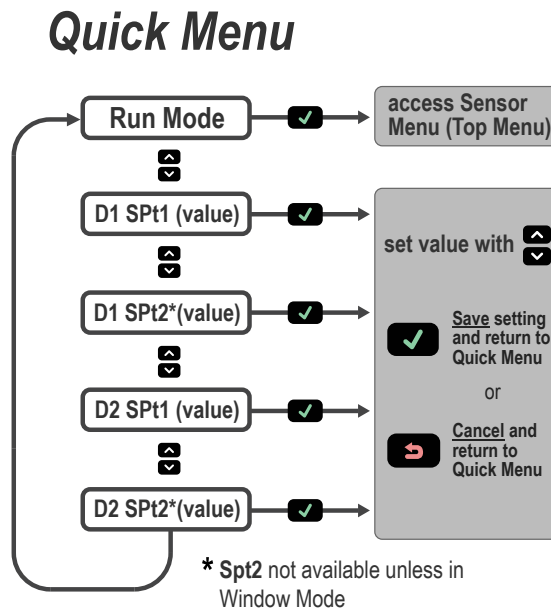
Figure 12. Accessing the Menus



## 3.1 Quick Menu

The sensor includes a Quick Menu with easy access to view and change the discrete output switch points. Access the Quick Menu by pressing **Down** (v) or **Up** (^) from Run mode. When in the Quick Menu, the current distance measurement displays on the first line and the menu name and the discrete output switch points alternate on the second line of the display. Press **Enter** (✓) to access the switch points. Press **Down** (v) or **Up** (^) to change the switch point to the desired value. Press **Enter** (✓) to save the new value and return to the Quick Menu.

Figure 13. Quick Menu Map (Window Mode)



## 3.2 Sensor Menu (MENU)


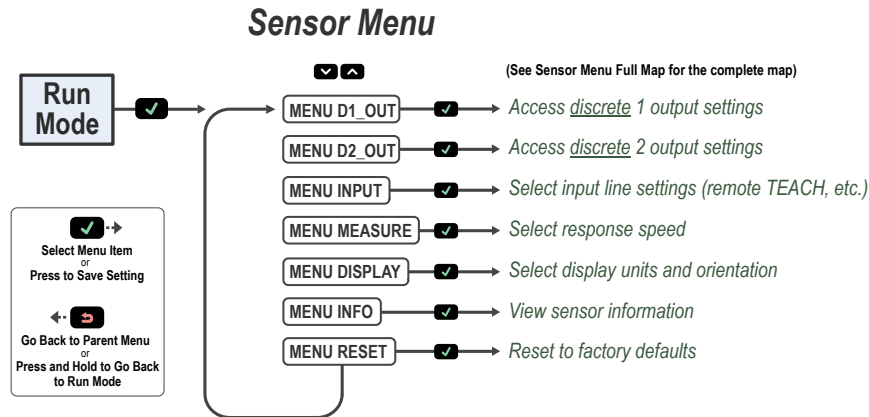
Access the Sensor Menu by pressing **Enter**  from Run mode, when MENU is displayed. The Sensor Menu includes several submenus that provide access to view and change sensor settings and to view sensor information.

Figure 14. Sensor Menu Basic Map



See [Sensor Menu Full Map](#) on page 32 and the Menu sections of this manual for more information.

## 3.3 Remote Input

Use the remote input to program the sensor remotely. The remote input provides limited programming options.

To use the Active High function, connect the gray input wire to V+ (12 to 30 V DC). Pulse the remote input according to the diagram and the instructions provided in this manual.

The length of the individual programming pulses is equal to the value **T: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds**.


Exit remote programming modes by holding the remote input low for > 2 seconds, or waiting for the automatic 60-second timeout, or by pressing and holding **Escape**  for 2 seconds. The sensor returns to Run mode without saving any new settings.

Figure 15. Remote Input Map

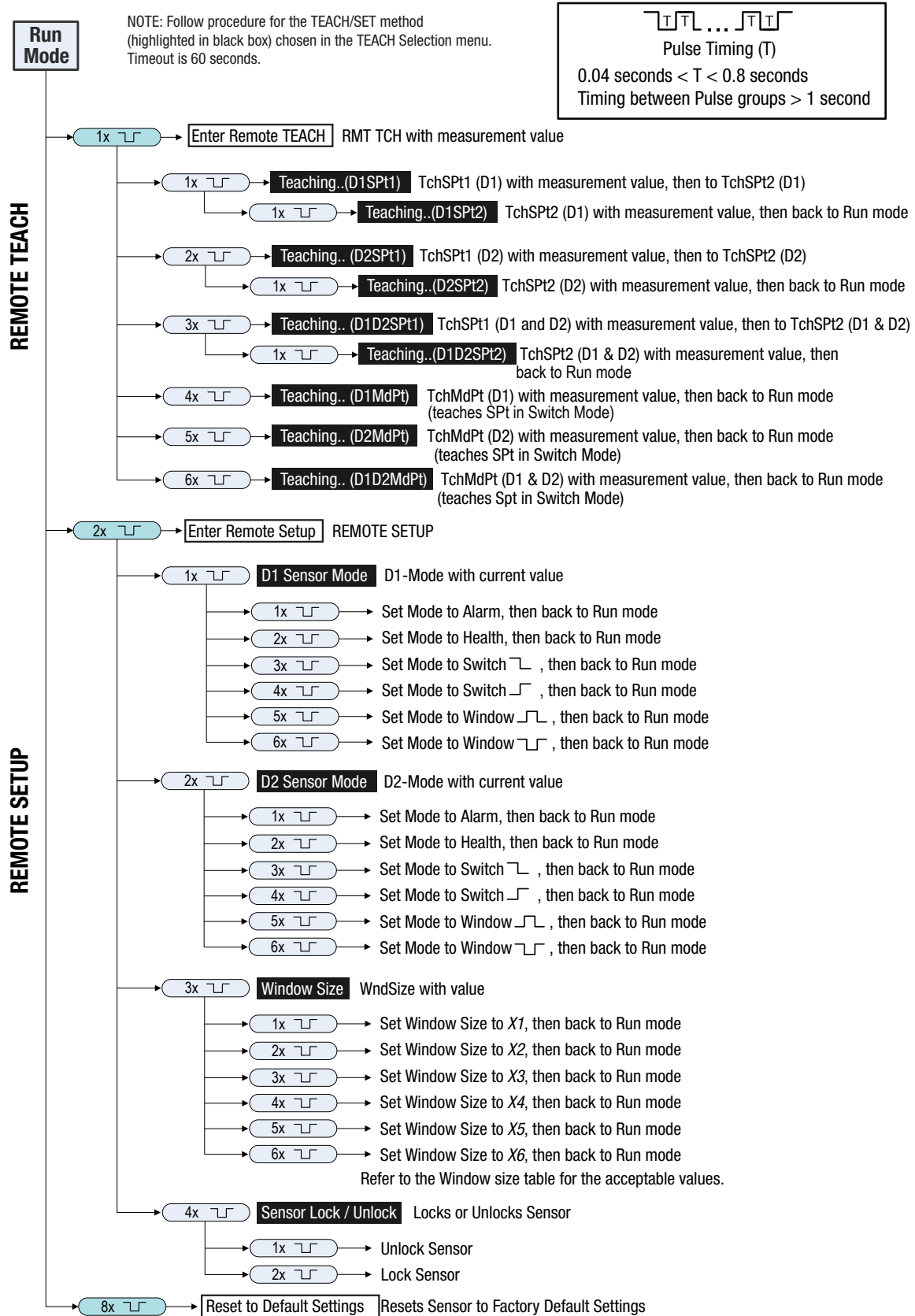





Table 1: Window Size (WndSize)

| Variable | LE250 Models | LE550 Models | Variable | LE250 Models | LE550 Models |
|----------|--------------|--------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| X1       | 1 mm         | 10 mm        | X4       | 100 mm       | 300 mm       |
| X2       | 10 mm        | 50 mm        | X5       | 150 mm       | 500 mm       |
| X3       | 50 mm        | 100 mm       | X6       | 250 mm       | 800 mm       |

### 3.4 Locking and Unlocking the Sensor

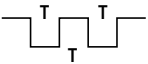
Use the lock and unlock feature to prevent unauthorized or accidental programming changes. A lock symbol  displays in the upper left corner of the display to indicate when the sensor is locked. When locked, the menus are available to view settings, but the values cannot be changed. The remote input is also disabled, except for the unlock function.

#### Button Instructions

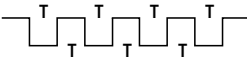
To lock or unlock the sensor using the buttons, press and hold **Down**  and **Escape**  simultaneously for 3 seconds.

#### Remote Input Instructions


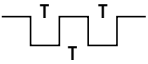
1. Access the setup mode.

| Action                         |   | Result                   |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Double-pulse the remote input. |  | "REMOTE SETUP" displays. |

2. Access the lock/unlock function.

| Action                       |  | Result  |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Four-pulse the remote input. |  | "LOCK" and the current status (unlocked or locked) display. |

3. Lock or unlock the sensor.

| Action  |   | Result  |
|---|---|---|
| <b>Unlock</b> : Single-pulse the remote line. |  | " <b>Unlocked</b> " flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. The sensor is unlocked.   |
| <b>Lock</b> : Double-pulse the remote input.  |  | " <b>Locked</b> " flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. The sensor is locked and the lock symbol displays in the upper left corner. |

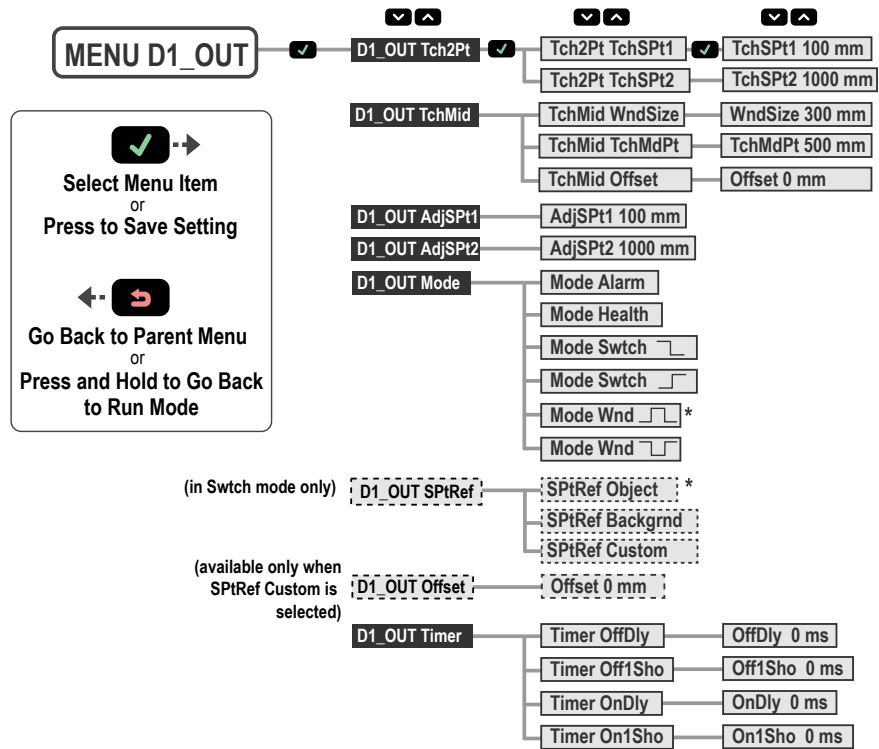
### 3.5 Discrete Output Menu (Dx\_OUT)

Use this menu to view or change

- Setpoints
- Midpoint
- Mode
- Timers
- Polarity

The menu options are identical for D1\_OUT and D2\_OUT.

Figure 16. Discrete 1 Output Menu Map (Discrete 2 is identical)



#### 3.5.1 Two-Point TEACH

The TchSPt1 and TchSPt2 options teach the desired switch points. When using the buttons, the switch points can be taught independently. Both values must be taught when using the remote input. The same TEACH menus exist for both the D1\_OUT and D2\_OUT, but the switch points are set independently.

**Note:** When in Switch mode, use [TEACH Switch Point](#) on page 17.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt1 and navigate: MENU > Dx\_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt2

**Remote Input:** Available

**Button Instructions**

1. Present the target.

| Action   | Result  |
|--|---|
| Present the target. The target must be within the sensor's range.. | The target's distance measurement value displays. |


2. Access the TEACH mode and TEACH the sensor.

| Action   | Result  |
|--|---|
| Navigate: <b>MENU &gt; Dx_OUT &gt; Tch2Pt &gt; TchSPt1</b><br>OR<br>Navigate: <b>MENU &gt; Dx_OUT &gt; Tch2Pt &gt; TchSPt2</b> | The selected TEACH mode and " <b>Teaching</b> " display while the sensor is being taught.<br><b>TEACH Accepted</b><br>The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to the parent menu.<br><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b><br>"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to the parent menu. |

- Repeat steps 1 to 2 for the other switch point, if desired.

### Remote Input Instructions

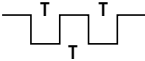
- Access the TEACH mode.

| Action                         |   | Result   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Single-pulse the remote input. |  | "RMT TCH" and the current switch point value displays. |

- Present the target.

| Action                               | Result  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Present the switch point one target. | "RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display. |


- TEACH the sensor.

| Action                         |   | Result   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Double-pulse the remote input. |  | "TchSPt1 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.<br><b>TEACH Accepted</b><br>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor goes to "TchSPt2" and the current measurement value.<br><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b><br>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays. |

- Present the target.

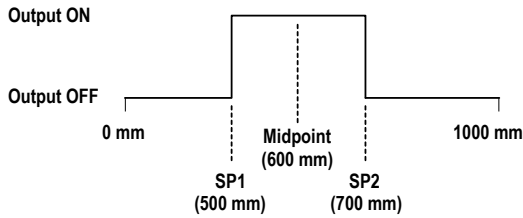
| Action                               | Result  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Present the switch point two target. | "TchSPt2" and the target's measurement value display. |

- TEACH the sensor.

| Action                         |   | Result   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Single-pulse the remote input. |  | "TchSPt2 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.<br><b>TEACH Accepted</b><br>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.<br><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b><br>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays. |

### 3.5.2 Midpoint TEACH

Figure 17. Window and Midpoint Example



The Midpoint TEACH uses both the window size and the TEACH midpoint to determine the actual measurement window. For example, a window of 200 mm with a midpoint of 600 mm places the measurement window from 500 mm to 700 mm.

To use Midpoint TEACH:

1. Set the window size.
2. Set the measurement window using [TEACH Midpoint](#) on page 16.

### Window Size

The WndSize option sets the window size that the Midpoint TEACH uses to set the setpoint one and setpoint two thresholds. The Midpoint TEACH fails if the window is not taught within the valid measurement range.

|                     | LE250 Laser Sensor | LE550 Laser Sensor |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Window Size Minimum | 1 mm               | 10 mm              |
| Window Size Maximum | 250 mm             | 800 mm             |
| Range               | 100 mm to 400 mm   | 100 mm to 1000 mm  |
| Default Window Size | 50 mm              | 300 mm             |

Navigate: MENU > Dx\_OUT > TchMid > WndSize

Remote Input: Available

1. Access the setup mode.

| Method       | Action  | Result   |
|--------------|---|--|
| Push Button  | Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchMid > WndSize .  | "WndSize" and the current window size value display.                       |
| Remote Input | a. Double-pulse the remote input to enter setup mode.<br>b. Three-pulse the remote input to enter window size mode. | a. "REMOTE SETUP" displays.<br>b. "WndSize" and the current value display. |

2. Set the window size.

| Method   | Action   | Result   |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
|--|--|--|--|--|--------|-------|-------|---|------|-------|---|-------|-------|---|-------|--------|---|--------|--------|---|--------|--------|---|--------|--------|---|
| Push Button  | a. Use <b>Down</b> and <b>Up</b> to set the desired window size—the value changes in increments of 2.<br>b. Press <b>Enter</b> to save the new value.  | a. "WndSize" and the new value display.<br>b. The new value flashes and returns to "TchMid WndSize". |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| Remote Input<br>(Sets A_OUT and D_OUT window Size) | Pulse the remote input 1 to 6 times to select the desired window size. <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">Window Size</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Pulses</th> <th>LE250</th> <th>LE550</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1 mm</td> <td>10 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>10 mm</td> <td>50 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>50 mm</td> <td>100 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>100 mm</td> <td>300 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>150 mm</td> <td>500 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>250 mm</td> <td>800 mm</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Window Size  |  |  | Pulses | LE250 | LE550 | 1 | 1 mm | 10 mm | 2 | 10 mm | 50 mm | 3 | 50 mm | 100 mm | 4 | 100 mm | 300 mm | 5 | 150 mm | 500 mm | 6 | 250 mm | 800 mm | The new value flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. |
| Window Size  |  |  |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| Pulses   | LE250  | LE550  |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| 1  | 1 mm   | 10 mm  |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| 2  | 10 mm  | 50 mm  |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| 3  | 50 mm  | 100 mm   |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| 4  | 100 mm   | 300 mm   |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| 5  | 150 mm   | 500 mm   |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |
| 6  | 250 mm   | 800 mm   |  |  |        |       |       |   |      |       |   |       |       |   |       |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |        |        |   |

## TEACH Midpoint

The TchMdPt option sets the midpoint that determines the actual measurement window.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > TchMid > TchMdPt

**Remote Input:** Available

### Button Instructions

1. Present the target.


| Action              | Result  |
|---------------------|---|
| Present the target. | The target's distance measurement value displays. |

2. Access the TEACH midpoint mode and TEACH the sensor.

| Action                                     | Result   |
|--|--|
| Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchMid > TchMdPt | <p>"TchMdPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p><b>TEACH Accepted</b></p> <p>The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to "TchMid TchMdPt".</p> <p><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b></p> <p>"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to "TchMid TchMdPt".</p> |

### Remote Input Instructions

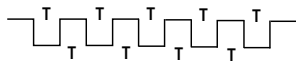
1. Access the TEACH mode.

| Action   | Result   |
|--|--|
| Single-pulse the remote input.  | "RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display. |

2. Present the target.



| Action              | Result  |
|---------------------|---|
| Present the target. | "RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display. |

3. TEACH the sensor.

| Action  | Result  |
|---|---|
| Five-pulse the remote input.  | <p>"TchMdpt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p><b>TEACH Accepted</b></p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b></p> <p>"FAIL" and a warning message display, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p> |

## Offset

Use the TEACH MidPoint Offset menu to set an offset from the taught surface. This menu is available only for a midpoint

TEACH (TchMid). The default is 0 mm because the window is centered around the taught target. Use  and  to select a value. Values increase or decrease by 0.1 mm (LE250) or 1.0 mm (LE550). A positive offset value always shifts the window towards the sensor.

The taught surface must be inside of the defined sensing range. After the offset is applied, some portion of the window must be located within the sensing range. If the entire window is offset out of range, the TEACH fails and the "Fail / OfSt" error message displays.



### 3.5.3 Adjust Switch Point One

The AdjSPt1 option manually adjusts the value of the switch point one threshold for the Discrete Output when the sensor is in Window mode. The value is adjustable within the sensor's range. It is required to be maintain the minimum window size between switch points. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Switch, Alarm, or Health mode.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > AdjSPt1

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** 100 mm for both the LE250 and LE550 models.

### 3.5.4 Adjust Switch Point Two

The AdjSPt2 option manually adjusts the value of the switch point two threshold for the Discrete Output when the sensor is in Window mode. The value is adjustable with the sensor's range. It is required to be maintain the minimum window size between switch points. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Switch, Alarm, or Health mode.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > AdjSPt2

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** 400 mm for LE250 models and 1000 mm for LE550 models.

### 3.5.5 TEACH Switch Point

The TchSPt option teaches the distance at which the switch point threshold is placed when the Discrete Output is in Switch mode. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Window, Alarm, or Health mode.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > TchSPt

**Remote Input:** Available

#### Button Instructions

1. Present the target.


| Action  | Result  |
|---|---|
| Present the target. The target must be within the sensor's range. | The target's distance measurement value displays. |

2. Access the switch point TEACH mode and TEACH the sensor.

| Action                           | Result  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchSPt | <p>"TchSPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p><b>TEACH Accepted</b></p> <p>The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to "Dx_OUT TchSPt".</p> <p><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b></p> <p>"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to "Dx_OUT TchSPt".</p> |

#### Remote Input Instructions

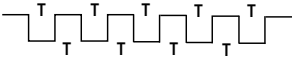
1. Verify the sensor is in Switch mode.
2. Access the TEACH mode.

| Action   | Result   |
|--|--|
| Single-pulse the remote input.  | "RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display. |

3. Present the target.

| Action              | Result  |
|---------------------|---|
| Present the target. | "RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display. |

4. TEACH the sensor.

| Action  | Result   |
|---|--|
| Five-pulse the remote input.  | <p>"TchSPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p><b>TEACH Accepted</b></p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b></p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 3, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p> |

### 3.5.6 Adjust Switch Point

The AdjSPt option manually adjusts the value of the switch point threshold for the discrete output when the sensor is in Switch mode. The value is adjustable within the sensor's range. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Window, Alarm, or Health mode.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > AdjSPt

**Remote Input:** Not available


**Default:** 100 mm for the LE250 and LE550 models

### 3.5.7 Mode





The Mode option sets the output to the desired mode.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > Mode

**Remote Input:** Available

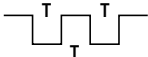
**Default:** Wnd  mode

The following table describes the sensor modes.

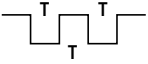
| Mode   | Description  |
|--|--|
| Alarm  | <b>Alarm Mode:</b> The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected by the sensor at any distance. When a loss of signal occurs, the Discrete Output is On. This mode has no associated thresholds.                                   |
| Health   | <b>Health Mode:</b> The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected by the sensor at any distance. When a loss of signal occurs, the Discrete Output is Off. This mode has no associated thresholds.                                  |
| Switch  | <b>Switch Mode:</b> The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected nearer than the switch point threshold. When a target is detected farther than the switch point threshold or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is Off.      |
| Switch  | <b>Switch Mode:</b> The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected nearer than the switch point threshold. When a target is detected farther than the switch point threshold or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is On.      |
| Wnd     | <b>Window Mode:</b> The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected between the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds. (Default) When a target is detected outside the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is Off. |
| Wnd     | <b>Window Mode:</b> The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected between the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds. When a target is detected outside the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is On.           |

#### Remote Input Instructions


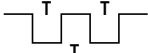


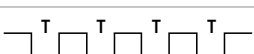

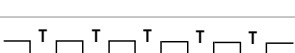

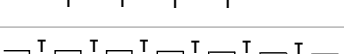


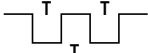


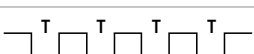

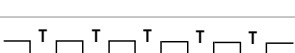

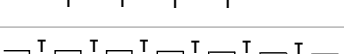


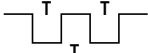


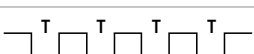

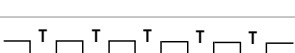

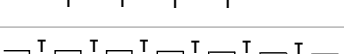

1. Access the setup mode.

| Action   | Result                   |
|--|--------------------------|
| Double-pulse the remote input.  | "REMOTE SETUP" displays. |

2. View the current mode.

| Action   | Result                     |
|--|----------------------------|
| Double-pulse the remote input.  | The current mode displays. |

3. Program the sensor.

| Action   | Result   |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
|--|--|------|---|-------|---|--------|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pulse the remote input 1 to 6 times to select the desired mode. <table border="1" data-bbox="240 415 1019 961"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulses</th> <th>Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 </td> <td>Alarm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 </td> <td>Health</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 </td> <td>Switch </td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 </td> <td>Switch </td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 </td> <td>Wnd </td> </tr> <tr> <td>6 </td> <td>Wnd </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Pulses   | Mode | 1  | Alarm | 2  | Health | 3  | Switch  | 4  | Switch  | 5  | Wnd  | 6  | Wnd  | The selected mode flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. |
| Pulses   | Mode   |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
| 1   | Alarm  |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2   | Health   |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
| 3   | Switch  |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
| 4   | Switch  |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
| 5   | Wnd     |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
| 6   | Wnd     |      |   |       |   |        |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |

### 3.5.8 Switch Point Reference (SPtRef)

The SPtRef menu only displays for a discrete output when it is set to switch mode. The SPtRef settings, object or background, for the two discrete outputs are set independently. This setting cannot be changed with remote teach.

- **Object** (default). Object mode sets the switching threshold just past the location of the taught object, farther away from the sensor's face.
- **Background**. Background mode sets the switching threshold in front of the taught object, closer to the sensor's face.
- **Custom**. Custom mode allows the user to define the location of the switching threshold relative to a taught distance using the Offset menu that appears only after selecting Custom Switch Point Reference.

The distance between the surface of the taught object and the switching threshold varies depending on measurement strength and can be affected by target distance, color, reflectivity, etc. Use object mode when teaching an object if a change in state is required when the object is no longer present. Use background mode when teaching background so that the output state changes when a new object is in front of the background.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > SPtRef

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** Object

### 3.5.9 Switch Point TEACH Offset

Use this menu to set an offset from the taught distance after a switch point TEACH, if SPtRef is set to Custom.

By default, the value is 0 mm. A positive offset value always shifts the threshold towards the sensor.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > TchMd > Offset

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** 0 mm

### 3.5.10 Timer

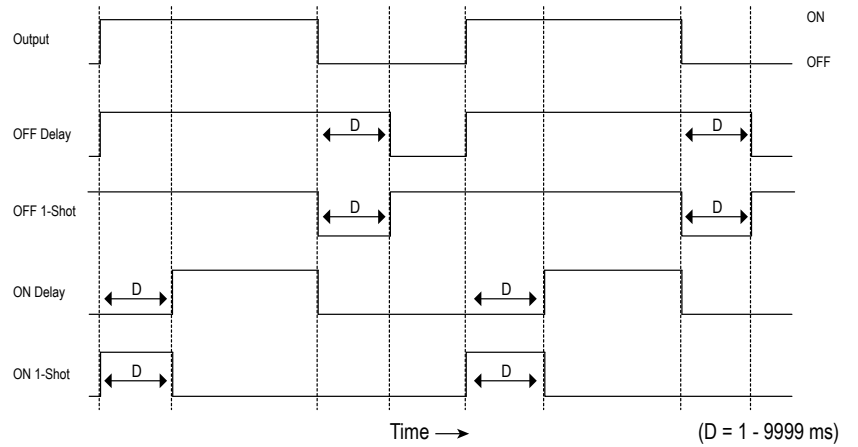
The Timer option sets the delays and timers. On/Off Delays and On/Off One-Shot timers can be programmed between 1 to 9999 ms (a value of 0 disables the delay/timer). Figure 18 on page 20 defines how the delays/timers affect the output behavior.

**Navigate:** MENU > Dx\_OUT > Timer

**Remote Input:** not available

**Default:** 0 ms for all timers

Figure 18. Delays/Timers



Some combinations of delays/timers are not allowed. The programming menu automatically disables invalid combinations of delays/timers. The following table shows the allowable combinations of delays/timers.

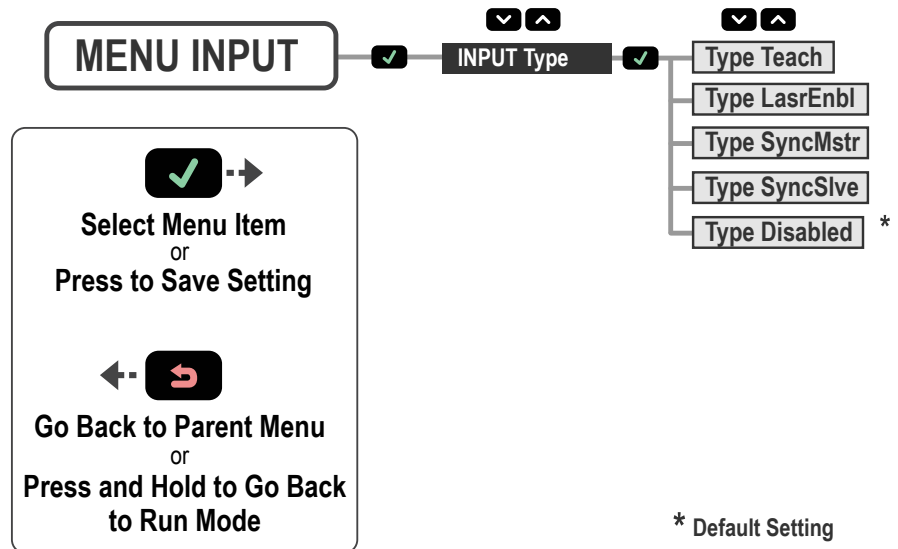
|                                     | Off Delay | Off One-Shot Timer | On Delay | On One-Shot Timer |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------|-------------------|
| <b>Off Delay</b> (OffDly)           | OK        | OK                 | OK       | N/A               |
| <b>Off One-Shot Timer</b> (Off1Sho) | OK        | OK                 | N/A      | N/A               |
| <b>On Delay</b> (OnDly)             | OK        | N/A                | OK       | OK                |
| <b>On One-Shot Timer</b> (On1Sho)   | N/A       | N/A                | OK       | OK                |

### 3.6 Input Menu (INPUT)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Multi-function input type

Figure 19. Input Menu Map



#### 3.6.1 Input Type

The Type option sets the input type.

**Navigate:** MENU > INPUT > Type

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** Disabled

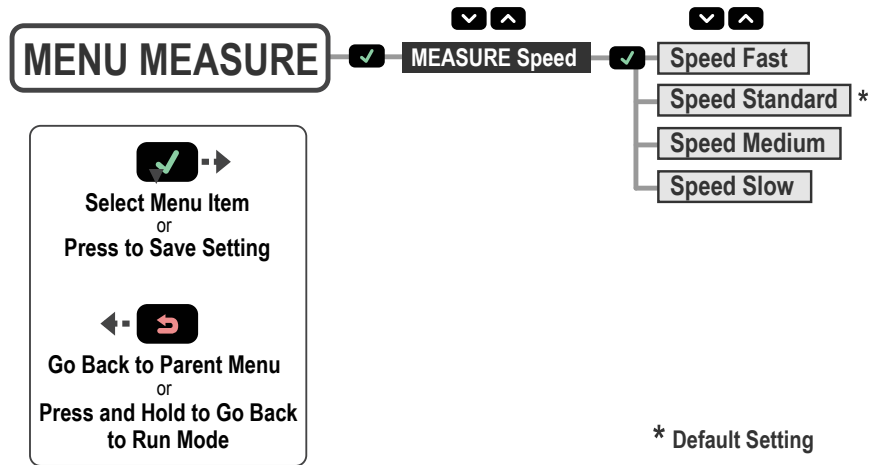
| Input Type | Description   |
|------------|---|
| Teach      | The remote input is used to TEACH and program the sensor. (Default)   |
| LasrEnbl   | The remote input is used to control when the laser emitter is On/Off.   |
| SyncMstr   | The remote input is used as the Master Sync output to an attached Slave sensor (see <a href="#">Sync Master/Slave</a> on page 25).  |
| SyncSlve   | The remote input is used as the Slave Sync input from an attached Master sensor (see <a href="#">Sync Master/Slave</a> on page 25). |
| Disabled   | The remote input is disabled.   |

### 3.7 Measure Menu (MEASURE)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Speed

Figure 20. Measure Menu Map



#### 3.7.1 Speed

The Speed option sets the speed at which the measurement is calculated. This process uses averaging in the digital processing of the signal to calculate the measurement. A slower speed increases the response time of the sensor but improves the repeatability. See [Figure 27](#) on page 29 for repeatability specifications for each speed.

**Navigate:** MENU > MEASURE > Speed

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** Standard

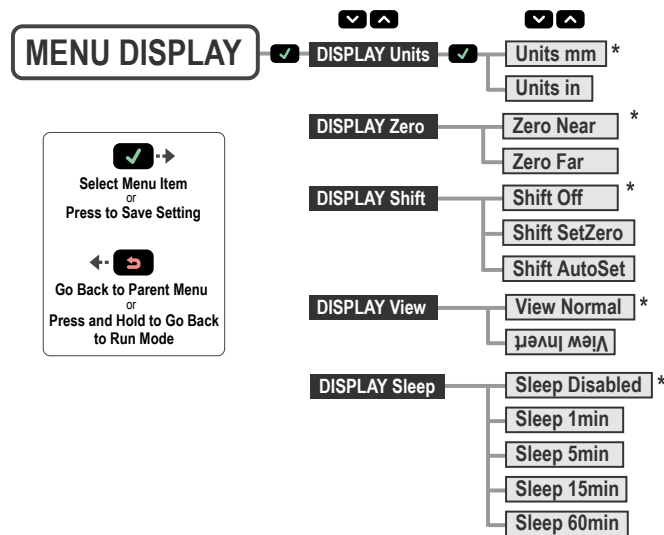
| Speed    | Class 1 Laser Models |                            | Class 2 Laser Models |                            |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
|          | Response Time        | Response Time in Sync Mode | Response Time        | Response Time in Sync Mode |
| Fast     | 2 ms                 | 4 ms                       | 2 ms                 | 4 ms                       |
| Standard | 10 ms (default)      | 20 ms                      | 5 ms (default)       | 10 ms                      |
| Medium   | 30 ms                | 60 ms                      | 15 ms                | 30 ms                      |
| Slow     | 100 ms               | 200 ms                     | 50 ms                | 100 ms                     |

### 3.8 Display Menu (DISPLAY)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Display units
- Display orientation
- Sleep mode settings

Figure 21. Display Menu Map



### 3.8.1 Units

The Units option sets the displayed units to millimeters (mm) or inches (").

**Navigate:** MENU > DISPLAY > Units

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** mm

### 3.8.2 Zero

Use this menu to select the zero reference location. The default is Near, where 0 = the front of the sensor.

- Near—0 = the front of the sensor; the measurement increases further from the sensor
- Far—0 = maximum range; the measurement increases closer to the sensor

**Navigate:** MENU > DISPLAY > Zero

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** Near

### 3.8.3 Shift

Use this menu to select whether the sensor shifts the zero reference location based on the last TEACH process. The default is off, where 0 = the front of the sensor or the maximum range.

- Off—0 = the front of the sensor or the maximum range, depending on the Zero setting.
- AutoSet—Shift the zero reference location to one of the taught positions with each TEACH. The zero reference location is reset when teaching either output.
- SetZero—Teaches the current target as its new zero reference location.

### 3.8.4 View

The View option sets the display orientation of the sensor. Invert the display for applications where the device is mounted upside down. This rotates the display 180°. The Down and Up buttons do not change when the display is inverted.

**Navigate:** MENU > DISPLAY > View

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** Normal

Figure 22. LE550 Normal Display Orientation



Figure 23. LE550 Inverted Display Orientation



### 3.8.5 Sleep

The Sleep option sets when the display is put to sleep. Four timing options are available: 1, 5, 15, or 60 minutes. Sleep mode is disabled by default. Sleep occurs in Run mode and any menu. To wake the sensor and return to the last viewed mode or menu, press any button.

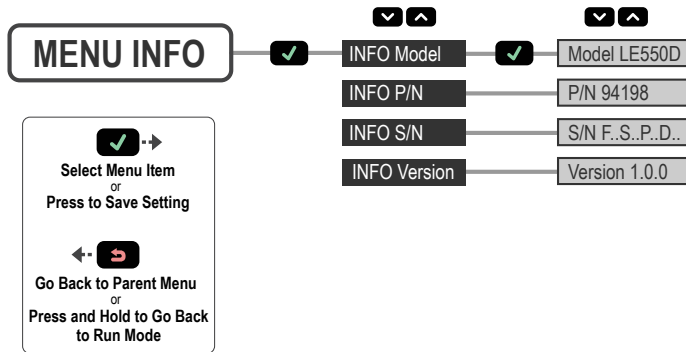
**Navigate:** MENU > DISPLAY > Sleep

**Remote Input:** Not available

**Default:** Disabled

## 3.9 Information Menu (INFO)

Figure 24. LE550 Information Menu Map



Use this menu to view model, part number (P/N), serial number (S/N), and firmware version (Version) information. Select one of these options to view specific information for your sensor. This information is read-only.

**Navigate:** MENU > INFO

**Remote Input:** Not available

## 3.10 Reset Menu (RESET)

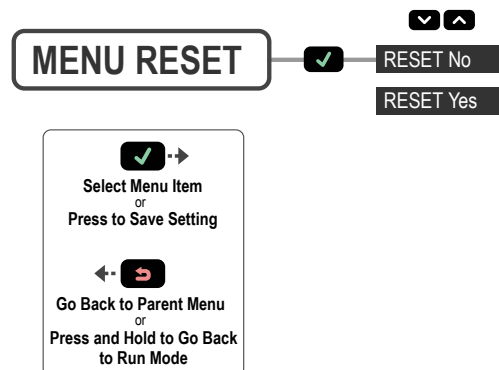
Use this menu to restore the sensor to the factory default settings.

**Navigate:** MENU > RESET. Select Yes to apply the factory defaults; select No to return to the Reset option without changing any sensor settings.


**Remote Input:** Eight-pulse the remote input



Figure 25. Reset Menu Map



### 3.10.1 Factory Default Settings

| Discrete Output Settings | LE250   | LE550   |
|--------------------------|---|---------|
| Adjust Switch Point One  | 100 mm  | 100 mm  |
| Adjust Switch Point Two  | 400 mm  | 1000 mm |
| Mode                     | Wnd  |         |
| Timer                    | 0 ms for all timers   |         |
| Window Size              | 50 mm   | 300 mm  |

| Input Settings | LE250 and LE550 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| Input Type     | Disabled        |

| Measure Settings | LE250 and LE550 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Speed            | Standard        |

| Display Settings | LE250 and LE550 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Sleep            | Disabled        |
| Units            | mm              |
| View             | Normal          |



## 4 Sync Master/Slave

Two LE250/550 Laser sensors may be used together in a single sensing application. To eliminate crosstalk between the two sensors, configure one sensor to be the master and one to be the slave. In this mode, the sensors alternate taking measurements and the response speed doubles.

1. Configure the first sensor as the master; navigate: **MENU > INPUT > Type > SyncMstr.**
2. Configure the second sensor as the slave; navigate: **MENU > INPUT > Type > SyncSlve.**
3. Connect the gray (input) wires of the two sensors together.


If using a combination of Class 1 and Class 2 laser models, the Class 1 laser model must be used as the master.

## 5 Additional Remote TEACH Procedures

### 5.1 TEACH Both Discrete Output Switch Points Together

Use the following procedure to teach both Discrete Output switch points at the same time using the remote input. This feature is not available using the buttons.

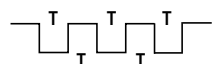
1. Access the TEACH mode.

| Action                         |   | Result   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Single-pulse the remote input. |  | "RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display. |

2. Present the target.

| Action                               |  | Result  |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Present the switch point one target. |  | "RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display. |


3. TEACH the sensor.

| Action                        |   | Result  |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Three-pulse the remote input. |  | <p>"D1D2Spt1 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p><b>TEACH Accepted</b></p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and then "D1D2Spt2" and the current measurement value display.</p> <p><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b></p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p> |

4. Present the target.

| Action                               |  | Result   |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Present the switch point two target. |  | "D1D2Spt2" and the target's measurement value display. |


5. TEACH the sensor.

| Action                         |   | Result   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Single-pulse the remote input. |  | <p>"D1D2Spt2 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p><b>TEACH Accepted</b></p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b></p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p> |

### 5.2 TEACH Both Discrete Output Midpoints Together

Use the following procedure to teach an identical discrete output midpoint (switch point) for both D1\_OUT and D2\_OUT at the same time using the remote input. This feature is not available using the buttons. Note that if the window sizes were set independently (using the buttons), the windows taught using the following procedure could be different.

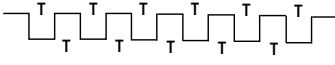
1. Access the TEACH mode.

| Action                         |   | Result   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Single-pulse the remote input. |  | "RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display. |

2. Present the target.

| Action                                      | Result  |
|---|---|
| Present the midpoint (switch point) target. | "RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display. |

## 3. TEACH the sensor.

| Action   | Result   |
|--|--|
| <p>Six-pulse the remote input.</p>  | <p>"D1D2MdPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p><b>TEACH Accepted</b></p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p><b>TEACH Not Accepted</b></p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p> |

# 6 Specifications

## Supply Voltage (Vcc)

12 V DC to 30 V DC

## Power and Current Consumption, exclusive of load

**Normal Run Mode:** 1.7 W, Current consumption < 70 mA at 24 V DC

## Supply Protection Circuitry

Protected against reverse polarity and transient overvoltages

## Output Configuration

D1\_Out: IO-Link, Push/pull  
D2\_Out: PNP

## Output Ratings

100 mA maximum capability each output  
Saturation: Less than 2 V  
Off-State Leakage Current: Less than 50 µA PNP at 30 V (N.A. push/pull)

## Remote Input

Allowable Input Voltage Range: 0 to Vcc  
Active High (internal weak pulldown—sourcing current):

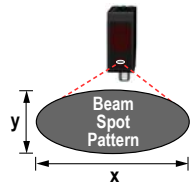
High State > Vcc – 1.5 V DC  
Low State < Vcc – 5 V DC

Input Impedance > 10 kOhm

## Measurement/Output Rate

Class 2 Laser Models: < 1 ms  
Class 1 Laser Models (Fast): < 1 ms  
Class 1 Laser Models (Std/Medium/Slow): < 2 ms

## Typical Beam Spot Size <sup>1</sup>



|   | Distance (mm) |     |     |              |      |      |
|---|---------------|-----|-----|--------------|------|------|
|   | LE250 Models  |     |     | LE550 Models |      |      |
|   | 100           | 250 | 400 | 100          | 550  | 1000 |
| x | 3.2           | 2.1 | 1.2 | 8.4          | 10.5 | 12.1 |
| y | 2.2           | 1.5 | 0.9 | 3.5          | 4.2  | 4.9  |

## IO-Link Interface

Supports Smart Sensor Profile: Yes  
Baud Rate: 38400 bps  
Process Data Widths: 32 bits  
IODD files: Provides all programming options of the display, plus additional functionality

## Sensing Beam

Class 2 laser models: visible red, 650 nm  
Class 1 laser models: visible red, 650 nm

## Sensing Range

LE250: 100 mm to 400 mm (3.94 to 15.75 inches)  
LE550: 100 mm to 1000 mm (3.94 to 39.37 inches)

## Minimum Window Size

LE250: 1 mm (0.039 inches)  
LE550: 10 mm (0.39 inches)

## Boresighting

LE250: 4 mm radius at 400 mm  
LE550: 1 cm radius at 1 m

## Maximum Torque

2 N·m (17.7 in-lbs)

## Indicators

### Power LED Indicator

Solid Green = Normal operation, power On and laser On  
Flashing Green (1 Hz) = Power On and laser Off (laser enable mode)

### Discrete Output LED Indicator

Solid Amber = Discrete Output is On  
Off = Discrete Output is Off

## Construction

Housing: die-cast zinc  
Window: acrylic

## Ambient Light Immunity

Class 2 laser models: > 10,000 lux  
Class 1 laser models: > 5,000 lux

## Response Time

|                   | Class 1 Laser Models | Class 2 Laser Models |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Fast <sup>2</sup> | 2 ms                 | 2 ms                 |
| Standard          | 10 ms                | 5 ms                 |
| Medium            | 30 ms                | 15 ms                |
| Slow              | 100 ms               | 50 ms                |

## Delay at Power Up

3 s

## Repeatability

See *Performance Curves*

## Temperature Effect

See *Performance Curves*

<sup>1</sup> Beam spot size is calculated as 1.6 times the D4σ measured value

<sup>2</sup> Response time for lateral entry of object into measurement range < 5 ms

**Environmental Rating**

IP67, NEMA 6

**Operating Conditions**

-20 °C to +55 °C (-4 °F to +131°F)  
90% at +55 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

**Storage Temperature**

-30 °C to +65 °C (-22 °F to +149 °F)

**Vibration/Mechanical Shock**

All models meet Mil. Std. 202 G requirements method 201A. Also meets IEC 60947-5-2.

**Application Note**

For optimum performance, allow 10 minutes for the sensor to warm up

**Certifications**



UL Environmental Rating: Type 1



**Required Overcurrent Protection**



**WARNING:** Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

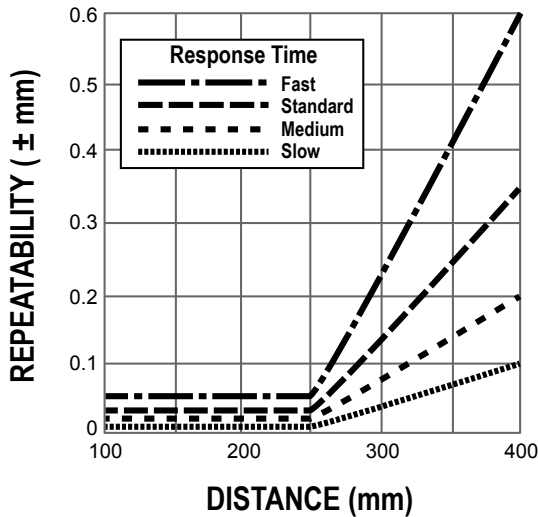
Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table. Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply. Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced. For additional product support, go to [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com).

| Supply Wiring (AWG) | Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps) |
|---------------------|--|
| 20                  | 5.0                                    |
| 22                  | 3.0                                    |
| 24                  | 2.0                                    |
| 26                  | 1.0                                    |
| 28                  | 0.8                                    |
| 30                  | 0.5                                    |

6.1 Performance Curves

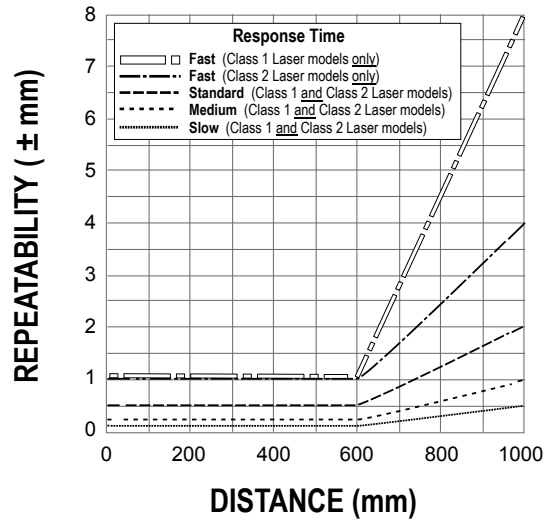
**LE250 Dual Discrete Models**

Figure 26. Repeatability (90% to 6% reflectance)



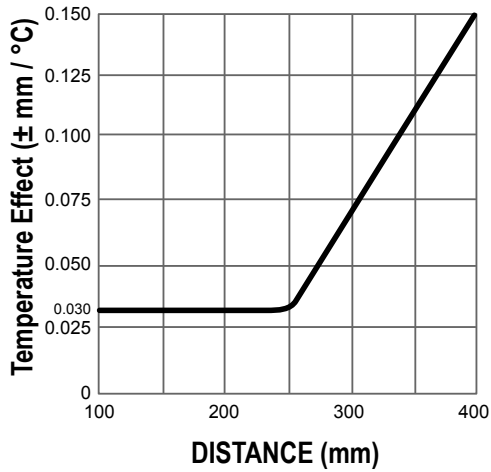
**LE550 Dual Discrete Models**

Figure 27. Repeatability (90% to 6% reflectance)



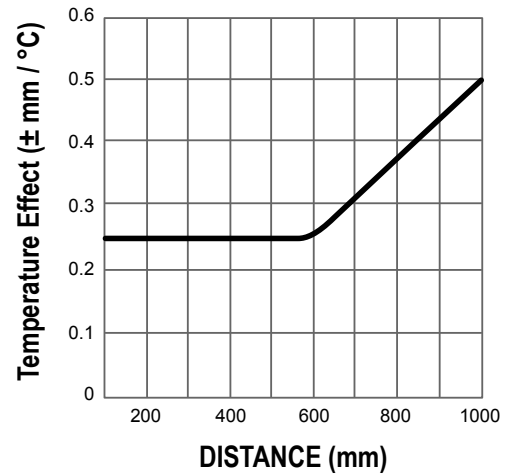
**LE250 Dual Discrete Models**

Figure 28. Temperature Effect



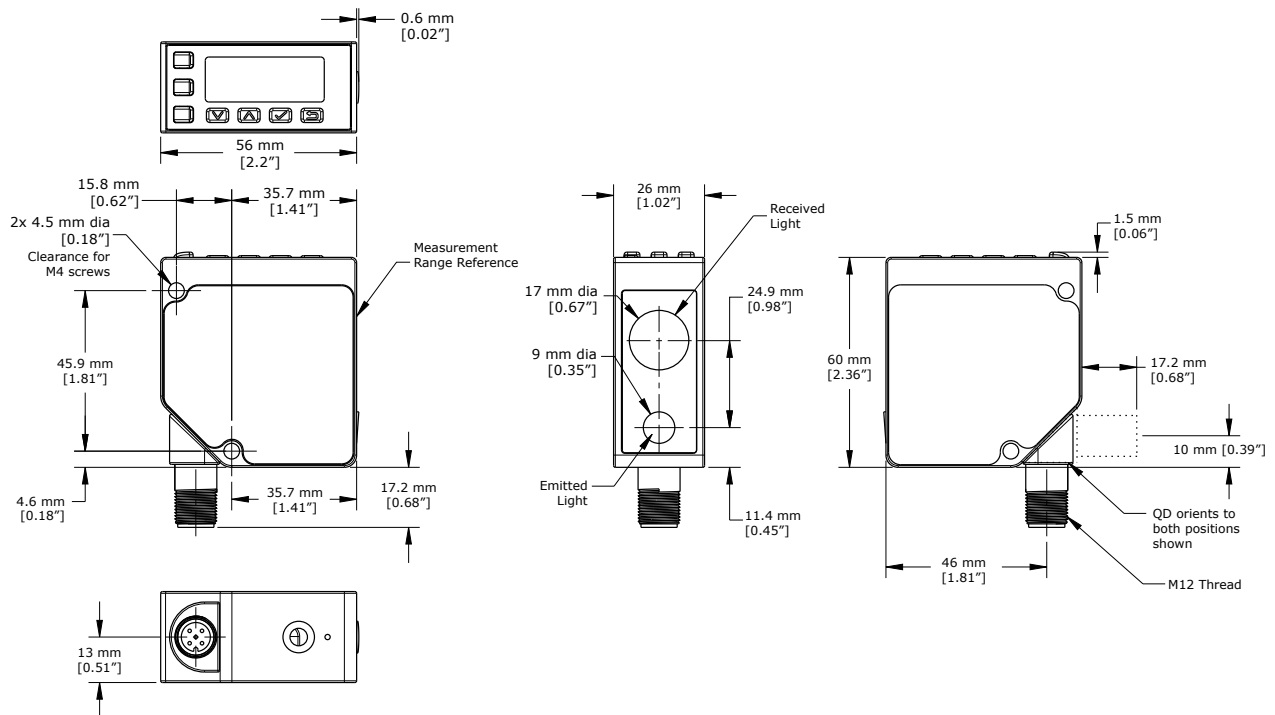
**LE550 Dual Discrete Models**

Figure 29. Temperature Effect



## 6.2 Dimensions

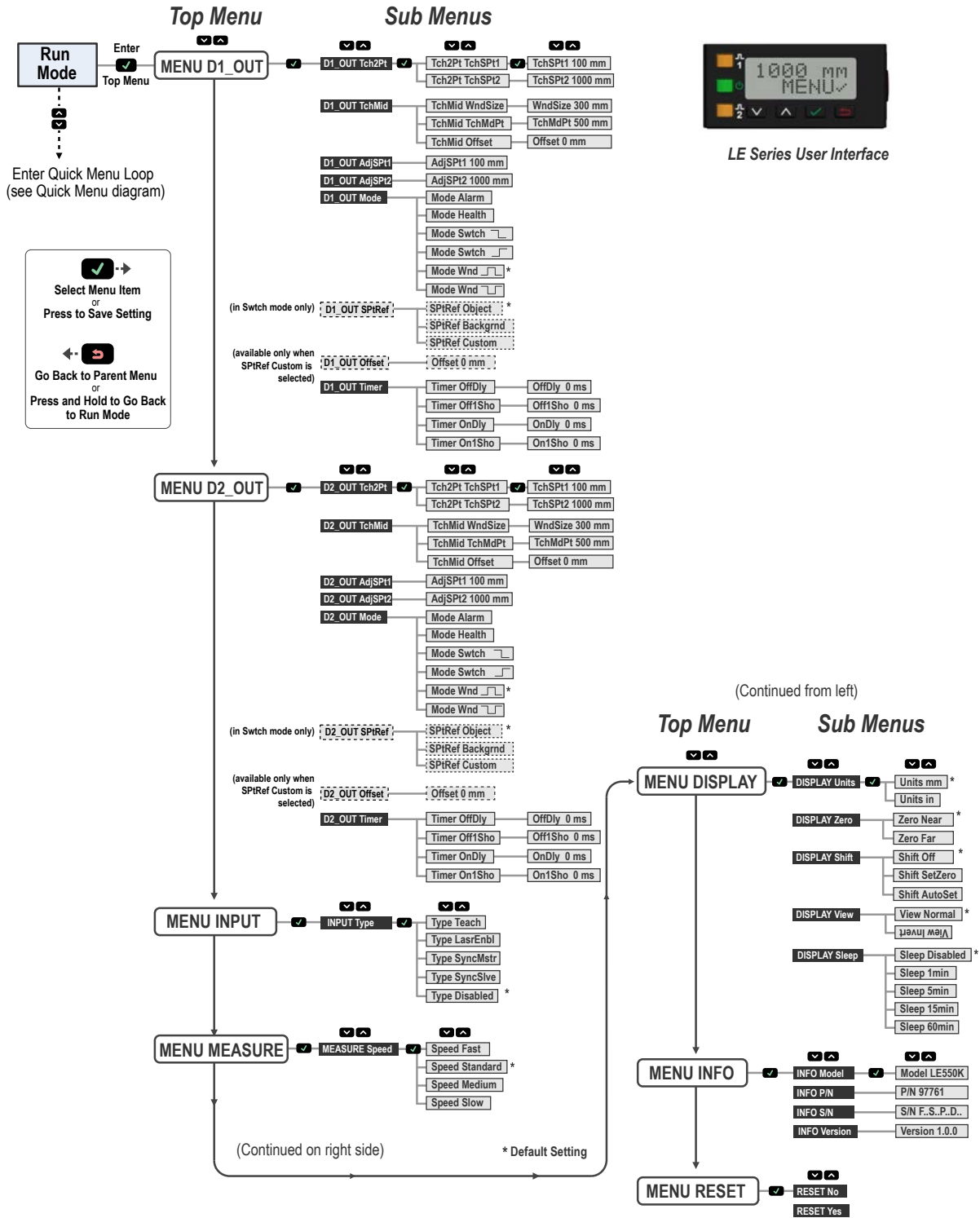
All measurements are listed in millimeters [inches], unless noted otherwise.



## 7 Troubleshooting

| Message/Indicator                     | Description   | Resolution  |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Fail/<br>Min Wnd<br>OutRnge           | The minimum window size is 1 mm for the LE250 models and 10 mm for the LE550 models. One point of the adjusted or taught window is out of range.  | The sensor automatically returns to the previous setting.   |
| Fail/<br>Out<br>of Range              | The TEACH failed, the target is out of range. The target might have moved out of range after the TEACH process began.                             | TEACH the switch point within the measurement range.  |
| Fail/<br>OfSt Out<br>of Range         | The TEACH failed. The target is in range but the offset value caused the setpoint(s) to be out of range.  | Adjust the offset value or target distance to keep the setpoint(s) within the measurement range.                                    |
| MIN Wnd<br>xx mm (xx in)              | The adjusted or taught window size is too small; the minimum window size is displayed.  | The sensor automatically adjusts the window size to maintain the minimum window size and completes the adjust or TEACH operation.   |
| OutRnge                               | The target is out of range, too dark, or the sensor is not measuring.   | Move the target within the measurement range.   |
| Power LED is flashing green           | The sensor input is set to laser enable and the input is not active.  | See <a href="#">Input Type</a> on page 20.  |
| Power LED is flashing red             | The laser shut off, the Power LED flashes red and Output LEDs flash amber at 1Hz, and the display is blank.<br>The laser has experienced a fault. | Contact Banner Engineering to resolve.  |
| SPTx<br>< Near<br>or<br>SPTx<br>> Far | One of the switch points is located outside the sensor's range, either too close to the sensor or too far away.                                   | The desired window size is maintained, but the usable portion of the window is restricted to be within the sensor's range.          |
| Type<br>Sync Slave                    | The slave mode sensor does not see the master's pulse.  | Verify the master mode sensor is configured and functioning properly. Check the input wire connection between the master and slave. |

# 8 Sensor Menu Full Map



**Note:** See [Remote Input](#) on page 10 for remote input options.



# 9 Accessories

## 9.1 Cordsets

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.

| 5-Pin Threaded M12 Cordsets with Shield—Single Ended |                |             |            |  |
|--|----------------|-------------|------------|--|
| Model  | Length         | Style       | Dimensions | Pinout (Female)  |
| MQDEC2-506   | 2 m (6.56 ft)  | Straight    |            | <p>1 = Brown<br/>2 = White<br/>3 = Blue<br/>4 = Black<br/>5 = Gray</p> |
| MQDEC2-515   | 5 m (16.4 ft)  |             |            |  |
| MQDEC2-530   | 9 m (29.5 ft)  |             |            |  |
| MQDEC2-550   | 15 m (49.2 ft) |             |            |  |
| MQDEC2-506RA   | 2 m (6.56 ft)  | Right-Angle |            | <p>1 = Brown<br/>2 = White<br/>3 = Blue<br/>4 = Black<br/>5 = Gray</p> |
| MQDEC2-515RA   | 5 m (16.4 ft)  |             |            |  |
| MQDEC2-530RA   | 9 m (29.5 ft)  |             |            |  |
| MQDEC2-550RA   | 15 m (49.2 ft) |             |            |  |

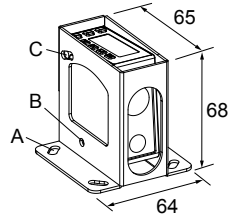
| 5-Pin Male Threaded and 5-Pin Female Quick Disconnect M12 Cordset with Shield—Double Ended |                  |                               |   |                               |
|--|------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Model  | Length "L1"      | Style                         | Pinout (Male)                               | Pinout (Female)               |
| MQDEC3-503SS   | 0.91 m (2.99 ft) | Female Straight/Male Straight |   |                               |
| MQDEC3-506SS   | 1.83 m (6 ft)    |                               |   |                               |
| MQDEC3-515SS   | 4.58 m (15 ft)   |                               |   |                               |
| MQDEC3-530SS   | 9.2 m (30.2 ft)  |                               |   |                               |
|  |                  |                               | <p>1 = Brown<br/>2 = White<br/>3 = Blue</p> | <p>4 = Black<br/>5 = Gray</p> |

## 9.2 Brackets

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.

### SMBLEU

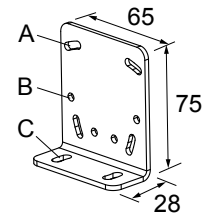
- Enclosed bracket
- 16 gauge stainless steel



**Hole size:** A =  $\varnothing$  5 with 20° adjustability, B =  $\varnothing$  4.5, C =  $\varnothing$  4.5 with 10° adjustability

### SMBLEL

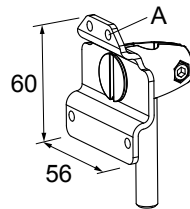
- Right-angle bracket
- 12 gauge stainless steel



**Hole size:** A =  $\varnothing$  4.5 with 20° adjustability, B =  $\varnothing$  4.5, C =  $\varnothing$  5.7 with 20° adjustability

### SMBLEFA

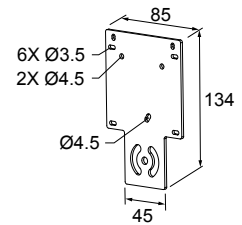
- Swivel plate bracket
- 12 gauge stainless steel



**Hole size:** A = 4x  $\varnothing$  4.5

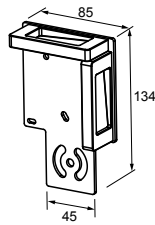
### SMBAMSLTFP

- AMS mounting pattern
- 12 gauge stainless steel



### SMBAMSLEIP

- Includes the mounting plate and two protective windows
- 90 plus degree rotation
- Window frames are black anodized aluminum; mounting plate is stainless steel
- The mounting plate, SMBAMSLTFP, can be ordered separately
- The replacement window, RWAMSLE, can be ordered separately



# 10 Banner Engineering Corp. Limited Warranty

Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year following the date of shipment. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture which, at the time it is returned to the factory, is found to have been defective during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for misuse, abuse, or the improper application or installation of the Banner product.

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For patent information, see [www.bannerengineering.com/patents](http://www.bannerengineering.com/patents).