SureCross DX80 Gateway for M-GAGEs



Configurable Gateway with discrete inputs and outputs for use with the M-GAGE™ Node



For additional information, updated documentation, and accessories, refer to Banner Engineering's website, www.bannerengineering.com/surecross. The SureCross® wireless system is a radio frequency network with integrated I/O that can operate in most environments and eliminate the need for wiring runs. Wireless networks are formed around a Gateway, which acts as the wireless network master device, and one or more Nodes.

- Wireless industrial I/O device with six selectable discrete inputs and six sourcing discrete outputs
- Gateway's discrete inputs are mapped to baseline up to six M-GAGE[™] Nodes; MGAGE inputs are mapped to the Gateway's outputs
- 10 to 30V dc power input
- DIP switches for user configuration
- · Modbus serial interface
- Site Survey analyzes the network's signal strength and reliability and displays the results on the Gateway's LCD
- Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technology and Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) control architecture ensure reliable data delivery within the unlicensed Industrial, Scientific, and Medical (ISM) band
- Transceivers provide bidirectional communication between the Gateway and Node, including fully acknowledged data transmission
- · Lost RF links are detected and relevant outputs set to user-defined conditions

Models	Frequency	Environmental Rating	1/0	
DX80G9M6S6P6Z	900 MHz ISM Band	IP67, NEMA 6	Inputs: Six selectable discrete	
DX80G2M6S6P6Z	2.4 GHz ISM Band			
DX80G9M6S6P6ZC	900 MHz ISM Band		Outputs: Six sourcing discrete	
DX80G2M6S6P6ZC	2.4 GHz ISM Band	IP20, NEMA 1		

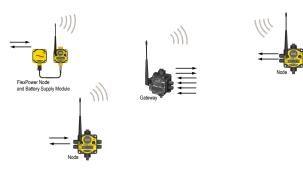
Internal antenna models are also available, but are not UL Listed. For more information, contact your local Banner Engineering Corp. representative.



WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or deenergized sensor output condition.

The SureCross® DX80 Wireless Network



The SureCross® DX80 wireless I/O network provides reliable monitoring without wiring or conduit installation. The SureCross wireless network operates independently or in conjunction with a host system, PLC, and/or PC software.

Each wireless network system consists of one Gateway and one or more Nodes. Devices ship with factory-defined discrete, analog, or a mix of discrete and analog inputs and outputs.

The SureCross® DX80 network is a deterministic system—the network identifies when the radio signal is lost and drives relevant out-



puts to user-defined conditions. After the radio signal is reacquired, the network returns to normal operation.

SureCross® DX80 Gateways and Nodes

A **Gateway** is the master device within each radio network. Every wireless network must have one Gateway, which schedules communication traffic and controls the I/O configuration for the network, and one or more Nodes. Similar to how a gateway device on a wired network acts as a "portal" between networks, the SureCross Gateway acts as the portal between the wireless network and the host controller. When the Gateway, using its Modbus RTU RS-485 connection, is a Modbus slave to a Modbus RTU host controller, the wireless network may contain up to 47 Nodes in a single wireless network. The Gateway holds the Modbus registers of all wireless devices within the network.

A **Node** is a wireless network end-point device used to provide sensing capability in a remote area or factory. The Node collects data from sensors and communicates the data back to the Gateway. Nodes are available in a wide variety of power or input/output options.

SureCross User Configuration Tool



The User Configuration Tool (UCT) offers an easy way to link I/O points in your wireless network, view I/O register values graphically, and set system communication parameters when a host system is not part of the wireless network. The UCT requires a special USB to RS-485 (model number BWA-UCT-900 for 1 Watt radios, BWA-HW-006 can be used for all other radios) converter cable to pass information between your computer and the Gateway. Download the most recent revisions of the UCT software from Banner Engineering's website: http://www.bannerengineering.com/wireless.

Setting Up Your Wireless Network

To set up and install your wireless network, follow these steps:

- 1. Configure the DIP switches of all devices.
- 2. Connect the sensors to the SureCross devices.
- 3. Apply power to all devices.
- 4. Form the wireless network by binding the Nodes to the Gateway. If the binding instructions are not included in the datasheet, refer to the product manual for binding instructions.
- 5. Observe the LED behavior to verify the devices are communicating with each other.
- 6. Conduct a site survey between the Gateway and Nodes. If the site survey instructions are not included in this datasheet, refer to the product manual for detailed site survey instructions.
- 7. Install your wireless sensor network components. If installation instructions are not included in this datasheet, refer to the product manual for detailed installation instructions.

For additional information, including installation and setup, weatherproofing, device menu maps, troubleshooting, and a list of accessories, refer to one of the following product manuals.

- SureCross Quick Start Guide: Banner part number 128185
- SureCross Wireless I/O Network Manual: 132607
- Web Configurator Manual (used with "Pro" and DX83 models): 134421
- Host Configuration Manual 132114

Configuring the DIP Switches

Before making any changes to the DIP switch positions, disconnect the power. DIP switch changes will not be recognized if power isn't cycled to the device.

For parameters not set via DIP switches, use the User Configuration Tool (UCT) to make configuration changes. For parameters set using the DIP switches, the DIP switch positions override any changes made using the User Configuration Tool.

Accessing the Internal DIP Switches

To access the internal DIP switches, follow these steps:

- 1. Unscrew the four screws that mount the cover to the bottom housing.
- 2. Remove the cover from the housing without damaging the ribbon cable or the pins the cable plugs into.
- 3. Gently unplug the ribbon cable from the board mounted into the bottom housing.
- 4. Remove the black cover plate from the bottom of the device's cover. The DIP switches are located behind the rotary dials.



After making the necessary changes to the DIP switches, place the black cover plate back into position and gently push into place. Plug the ribbon cable in after verifying that the blocked hole lines up with the missing pin. Mount the cover back onto the housing.

DIP Switch Settings

Switches								
Device Settings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Rotary dial address mode	OFF*							
Extended address mode	ON							
Inputs sourcing (PNP)		OFF*						
Inputs sinking (NPN)		ON						
Node 1 baseline filter OFF			OFF*					
Node 1 baseline filter ON			ON					
Node 1: threshold = 100, hysteresis = 30				OFF*	OFF*			
Node 1: threshold = 150, hysteresis = 30				OFF	ON			
Node 1: threshold = 200, hysteresis = 30				ON	OFF			
Node 1: threshold = 50, hysteresis = 15				ON	ON			
Node 2 baseline filter OFF						OFF*		
Node 2 baseline filter ON						ON		
Node 2: threshold = 100, hysteresis = 30							OFF*	OFF*
Node 2: threshold = 150, hysteresis = 30							OFF	ON
Node 2: threshold = 200, hysteresis = 30							ON	OFF
Node 2: threshold = 50, hysteresis = 15							ON	ON

* Default configuration

Address Mode

The SureCross wireless devices may use one of two types of addressing modes: rotary dial addressing or extended addressing. In **rotary dial** address mode, the left rotary dial establishes the network ID and the right rotary dial sets the device ID. The wireless network is restricted to a maximum of 16 devices.

Extended address mode uses a security code to "bind" Nodes to a specific Gateway. Bound Nodes can only send and receive information from the Gateway to which they are bound. In extended address mode, wireless networks may contain up to 48 radio devices. For more information on extended address mode, refer to the SureCross[™] Wireless I/O Network product manual.

The device ships in rotary dial address mode by default, with the DIP switch in the OFF position. To use extended address mode, change the DIP switch to the ON position.

Baseline Threshold/Filter (M-GAGE)

Under normal conditions, the ambient magnetic field fluctuates. When the magnetic field readings drift below a threshold setting, the baseline or drift filter uses an algorithm to slowly match the radio device's baseline to the ambient magnetic field.

Discrete Input Type

Select the type of discrete input sensors to use with this device: sourcing (PNP) sensors or sinking (NPN) sensors.

Threshold and Hysteresis (M-GAGE)

Threshold and hysteresis work together to establish the ON and OFF points of an analog input. The threshold defines a trigger point or reporting threshold (ON point) for a sensor input. Setting a threshold establishes an ON point. Hysteresis defines how far below the threshold the analog input is required to be before the input is considered OFF. A typical hysteresis value is 10% to 20% of the unit's range.

The M-GAGE Node's threshold and hysteresis ranges are 0 to 65,535. The factory default threshold setting is 100 and default hysteresis is 30 (the sensor detects an OFF condition at threshold minus hysteresis, or 100 - 30 = 70). With the default settings, once the magnetic field reading is above 100, an ON or "1" is stored in the lowest significant bit (LSB) in the Modbus register. When the M-GAGE reading drops below the OFF point (threshold minus hysteresis), the LSB of the Modbus register is set to "0." To determine your threshold, take M-GAGE readings of the test objects at the distance they are likely to be from the sensor. For example, if a car reads 100, a bicycle 15, and a truck reads 200, setting the threshold to 150 will detect only trucks of a specific size. Magnetic field fluctuations vary based on the amount of ferrous metal present and the distance from the sensor.

Wiring Your SureCross® Device

Use the following wiring diagrams to first wire the sensors and then apply power to the SureCross devices.

5-pin Euro-Style Hookup

Wiring the 5-pin Euro-style connector depends on the model and power requirements of the device. Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage.



DX80...C Wiring

Wiring power to the DX80...C models varies depending the power requirements of the model. Connecting dc power to the communication pins (Tx/Rx) will cause permanent damage. For FlexPower devices, do not apply more than 5.5V to the gray wire.

Terminal Label	Gateway, DX85	10 to 30V dc Powered Nodes	Battery Powered Nodes
V+	10 to 30V dc	10 to 30V dc	
Tx/+	RS485 / D1 / B / +		
V-	dc common (GND)	dc common (GND)	dc common (GND)
Rx/-	RS485 / D0 / A / -		
B+			3.6 to 5.5V dc

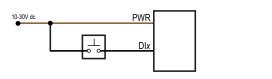
Terminal Blocks

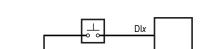
IP67 Housing	IP20 Housing	
GND GND GND GND D06 DI 6 D05 DI 5 D04 DI 4 D03 DI 3 D02 DI 2 D01 DI 1	Image: Display state in the image in th	DI <i>x</i> . Discrete IN <i>x</i> . DO <i>x</i> . Discrete OUT <i>x</i> . GND. Ground/dc common connection. PWR. Power, 10 to 30V dc power connection. RX/ Serial comms line TX/+. Serial comms line V+. Power, 10 to 30V dc power connection. V Ground/dc common connection.

Wiring Diagrams for Discrete Inputs

Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage. For the DX8x...C models, PWR in the wiring diagram refers to V+ on the wiring board and GND in the wiring diagram refers to V- on the wiring board.

Discrete Input Wiring for PNP Sensors





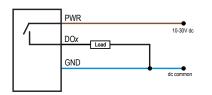
GND

Discrete Input Wiring for NPN Sensors

Wiring Diagrams for Discrete Outputs

Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage. For the DX8x...C models, PWR in the wiring diagram refers to V+ on the wiring board and GND in the wiring diagram refers to V- on the wiring board.

Discrete Output Wiring (PNP)



LED Behavior for the Gateways

After powering up and binding the Gateway and its Nodes, verify all devices are communicating properly. When testing communication between the Gateway and Node, all radios and antennas should be at least two meters apart or the communications may fail.

LED 1	LED 2	Gateway Status
• (solid green)		Power ON
(flashing red)	* (flashing red)	Device Error
	🌟 (flashing yellow)	Modbus Communication Active
	🗮 (flashing red)	Modbus Communication Error

For Gateway and Ethernet Bridge systems, active Modbus communication refers to the communication between the Gateway and the Ethernet Bridge. For GatewayPro systems, the Modbus communication LEDs refer to the communication internal to the GatewayPro. For

Gateway only systems, the Modbus communication LEDs refer to the communication between the Gateway and its host system (if applicable).

M-GAGE[™] Gateway I/O Mapping

The M-GAGE Gateways are pre-programmed to allow the Gateway's inputs to set the baseline of up to six M-GAGE FlexPower Nodes. For example, Discrete IN 1 on the Gateway triggers a baseline reading for M-GAGE FlexPower Node 1 (Device ID 1). The Gateway's inputs 1 through 6 are mapped to Node Device IDs 1 through 6.

The M-GAGE inputs for each FlexPower Node are likewise mapped to the Gateway's discrete outputs by Device ID. M-GAGE Node Device ID 2 is mapped to the Gateway's Discrete OUT 2. The Gateway's outputs are activated when the M-GAGE sensor is above the established threshold value.

I/O	Terminal Label	M-GAGE Gateway		M-GAGE Node	I/O
1	DI1	Discrete IN 1	to	M-GAGE Node 1 Baseline	14
2	DI2	Discrete IN 2	to M-GAGE Node 2 Baseline		14
3	DI3	Discrete IN 3	to M-GAGE Node 3 Baseline		14
4	DI4	Discrete IN 4	to	M-GAGE Node 4 Baseline	14
5	DI5	Discrete IN 5	to	M-GAGE Node 5 Baseline	14
6	DI5	Discrete IN 6	to	M-GAGE Node 6 Baseline	14
9	DO1	Discrete OUT 1	from	M-GAGE Node 1 M-GAGE Input	1
10	DO2	Discrete OUT 2	from	M-GAGE Node 2 M-GAGE Input	1
11	DO3	Discrete OUT 3	from	M-GAGE Node 3 M-GAGE Input	1
12	DO4	Discrete OUT 4	from	M-GAGE Node 4 M-GAGE Input	1
13	DO5	Discrete OUT 5	from	M-GAGE Node 5 M-GAGE Input	1
14	DO6	Discrete OUT 6	from	M-GAGE Node 6 M-GAGE Input	1

Use the DX80 User Configuration Tool (UCT) to adjust the M-GAGE sensor parameters.

Modbus Register Table

I/O Modbus Holding R		olding Register	І/О Туре	I/O Ran	ge	Holding Regis	Holding Register Representa- tion	
	Gateway / DX85	Any Node		Min.	Max.	Min. (Dec.)	Max. (Dec.)	bels
1	1	1 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete IN 1	0	1	0	1	DI1
2	2	2 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete IN 2	0	1	0	1	DI2
3	3	3 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete IN 3	0	1	0	1	DI3
4	4	4 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete IN 4	0	1	0	1	DI4
5	5	5 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete IN 5	0	1	0	1	DI5
6	6	6 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete IN 6	0	1	0	1	DI6
7	7	7 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved					
8	8	8 + (Node# × 16)	Device Message					
9	9	9 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 1	0	1	0	1	D01
10	10	10 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 2	0	1	0	1	DO2
11	11	11 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 3	0	1	0	1	DO3
12	12	12 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 4	0	1	0	1	DO4

I/O	Modbus Holding Register		І/О Туре	I/O Range	9	Holding Regist tion	ter Representa-	Terminal Block La-
	Gateway / DX85	Any Node		Min.	Max.	Min. (Dec.)	Max. (Dec.)	bels
13	13	13 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 5	0	1	0	1	DO5
14	14	14 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 6	0	1	0	1	DO6
15	15	15 + (Node# × 16)	Control Message					
16	16	16 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved					

Specifications

Discrete Inputs

Rating: 3 mA max current at 30V dc Sample Rate: 62.5 milliseconds Report Rate: On change of state **Discrete Input ON Condition** PNP: Greater than 8V NPN: Less than 0.7V **Discrete Input OFF Condition** PNP: Less than 5V NPN: Greater than 2V or open

Inputs and Outputs

Discrete Outputs Update Rate: 125 milliseconds ON Condition: Supply minus 2V OFF Condition: Less than 2V Output State Following Timeout: OFF Discrete Output Rating (PNP) 100 mA max current at 30V dc ON-State Saturation: Less than 3V at 100 mA OFF-state Leakage: Less than 10 µA

Communication and Environmental

Hardware (RS-485)

Interface: 2-wire half-duplex RS-485 Baud rates: 9.6k, 19.2k (default), or 38.4k Data format: 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit

Protocol

Modbus RTU Shock and Vibration

IEC 68-2-6 and IEC 68-2-7

Shock: 30g, 11 millisecond half sine wave, 18 shocks Vibration: 0.5 mm p-p, 10 to 60 Hz

Rating

DX80 Models:IEC IP67; NEMA 6; (See UL section below for any applicable UL specifications) DX80...C Models: IEC IP20; NEMA 1

Operating Environment

Temperature: -40 to +85 °C (Electronics); -20 to +80 °C (LCD) Humidity: 95% max. relative (non-condensing) Radiated Immunity: 10 V/m, 80-2700 MHz (EN61000-6-2)

Refer to the SureCross DX80 Wireless I/O Network Product Man-

ual (p/n 132607) for installation and waterproofing instructions. Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

Maximum ambient temperature: 70 °C Mounting instructions: See document 132607

Power rating: 10 to 30V dc, UL Class 2 Enclosure environmental rating: UL Type 1

Certifications

UL Listing

US IND. CONT. EQ. 447Y

DX8x...C (External Wiring Terminal Models)

د (Ex/A Ex nA II T4); Certificate: 1921239

とエノLCIE/ATEX: Zone 2 (II 3G / Ex nA IIC); Certificate: LCIE 10 ATEX 1012 X



Included with Model

The following items ship with the DX80 radios.

- BWA-HW-002: DX80 Access Hardware Kit, containing four PG-7 plastic threaded plugs, four PG-7 nylon gland fittings, four PG-7 hex nuts, one 1/2-inch NPT plug, and one 1/2-inch nylon gland fitting. (Not included with IP20 DX80...C models)
- BWA-HW-001: Mounting Hardware Kit, containing four M5-0.8 x 25mm SS screws, four M5-0.8 x 16mm SS screws, four M5-0.8mm SS hex nuts, and four #8-32 x 3/4" SS bolts
- BWA-HW-003: PTFE tape
- BWA-9O2-C (900 MHz) or BWA-2O2-C (2.4 GHz): Antenna, 2 dBd Omni, Rubber Swivel RP-SMA Male. (Not included with Internal antenna models)
- Quick Start Guide (128185 for DX80 Gateways or 152653 for MultiHop models)
- MQDC1-506: 5-Euro (single ended) straight cable, 2m (Not included with FlexPower devices)
- BWA-HW-011: IP20 Screw Terminal Headers (2 pack) (Included only with the IP20 DX80...C models)

Warnings

Antenna Installations. Install and properly ground a qualified surge suppressor when installing a remote antenna system. Remote antenna configurations installed without surge suppressors invalidate the manufacturer's warranty. Keep the ground wire as short as possible and make all ground connections to a single-point ground system to ensure no ground loops are created. No surge suppressor can absorb all lightning strikes; do not touch the SureCross® device or any equipment connected to the SureCross device during a thunderstorm.

Exporting SureCross Radios. It is our intent to fully comply with all national and regional regulations regarding radio frequency emissions. Customers who want to re-export this product to a country other than that to which it was sold must ensure the device is approved in the destination country. A list of approved countries appears in the *Radio Certifications* section of the product manual. The SureCross wireless products were certified for use in these countries using the antenna that ships with the product. When using other antennas, verify you are not exceeding the transmit power levels allowed by local governing agencies. Consult with Banner Engineering Corp. if the destination country is not on this list.

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