Datasheet
Low-cost TEACH-mode sensors for use with plastic fiber optics

- Low-cost, 10 V dc to 30 V dc, self-contained sensors for use with all Banner plastic fiber optics
- Compact 11 mm-wide housing designed for DIN rail mounting; also mounts to other surfaces using the supplied mounting bracket
- Easy push-button TEACH-mode programming automatically adjusts sensitivity to optimal setting
- D11E sensors are designed for low-contrast sensing applications (sensitivity set to just above the dark condition)
- D11E2 series sensors set the switching point midway between the dark and light conditions to ignore subtle changes, such as web flutter
- Fast, 200 microsecond (0.2 millisecond) output response; a 40 millisecond output pulse stretcher also may be programmed
- Models available with NPN (sinking) or PNP (sourcing) output
- Output may be programmed for either light operate (LO) or dark operate (DO)
- Separate input allows remote programming by an external device, such as a switch or a process controller
- LED status indications for power ON, output state, received signal strength, and sensing contrast

**WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection**

*Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Switching Threshold Setting</th>
<th>Cable 1</th>
<th>Output Type</th>
<th>Maximum Range (Diffuse mode performance based on 90% reflectance white test card)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| D11EN6FP        | Just above the dark condition | 2 m (6.5 ft) | NPN (sinking)    | Range varies by sensing mode and fiber optics used:  
|                 |                            | 4-pin Pico QD |                  | • PIT46U fibers, opposed mode: 180 mm (7.1 in) 2  
| D11EN6FPQ       |                            | 2 m (6.5 ft)  | PNP (sourcing)    | • PIT26U fibers, opposed mode: 50 mm (2.0 in) 2  
| D11EP6FP        |                            | 4-pin Pico QD |                  | • PBT46U fiber, diffuse mode: 50 mm (2.0 in)  
| D11EP6FPQ       |                            | 9 m (30 ft)   | NPN (sinking)    | • PBT26U fiber, diffuse mode: 10 mm (0.4 in)  
| D11EP6FP W/30   | Midway between dark and light conditions | 2 m (6.5 ft)  | PNP (sourcing)    |                                                                                     |
| D11E2N6FP       |                            | 4-pin Pico QD |                  |                                                                                     |
| D11E2N6FPQ      |                            | 2 m (6.5 ft)  | NPN (sinking)    |                                                                                     |
| D11E2P6FP       |                            | 4-pin Pico QD |                  |                                                                                     |
| D11E2P6FPQ      |                            | 2 m (6.5 ft)  | PNP (sourcing)    |                                                                                     |

**Installation**

Mount the D11 on a DIN rail or the included bracket.

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1. Models with a quick disconnect require a mating cordset.
2. Opposed-mode range may be extended using optional lenses (see www.bannerengineering.com for available lenses).
Installing Plastic Fibers

1. Cut the fiber ends according to the instructions included with the fibers.
2. Slide the fiber gripper up (open).
3. If you are using 0.254 mm or 0.508 mm (0.010 inch or 0.020 inch) diameter fibers: Insert the adaptor into the ports as far as it will go.
4. For all fiber diameters: Insert the prepared plastic fiber sensor ends gently into the ports as far as they will go.
5. Slide the fiber gripper back down to lock it.

Wiring Diagrams

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensors with NPN (Sinking) Outputs</th>
<th>Sensors with PNP (Sourcing) Outputs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

![Wiring Diagram 1](Image1)  
![Wiring Diagram 2](Image2)

**Figure 1. Cabled Hookup**  
**Figure 2. Cabled Hookup**

Quick disconnect (QD) wiring diagrams are functionally identical.

Run Mode

Run mode is the normal operation of the D11 Expert series. The LED indicators operate in Run mode, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>LED Color</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Signal Strength (SIG)</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Lights when the sensor sees its modulated light source and pulses at a rate proportional to the received light signal strength.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2 Output | Amber | Follows the action of the output:  
- On when the output is energized  
- Off when the output is de-energized |
| 3 Power ON | Green | Solid when power is applied.  
Flashes at approximately 4 Hz to indicate the output is overloaded |
| 4 Button | n/a | Programming push button |

The Signal Strength indicator is Banner’s exclusive AID™ (Alignment Indicating Device). This feature simplifies accurate alignment during TEACH mode and provides a means of signaling when maintenance is needed during Run mode. When the pulse rate is slow, clean the fiber sensing ends and check the alignment.

Maximum Sensitivity/Factory Defaults

The sensors are factory-programmed for maximum sensitivity. This default setting may be easily recalled by holding the push button for two or more seconds to enter TEACH mode, and then clicking the push button four times in a row.

The default program also is set for light operate output and pulse stretcher OFF, push button enabled.

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Perform the procedures in this document to program your own settings.

**TEACH Mode**

Sensitivity is automatically set (and optimized) by teaching the sensor the light and dark conditions. This is accomplished in TEACH mode. TEACH mode requires that each of the two sensing conditions be presented to the fiber optics; when the push button is clicked, the sensor samples the sensing condition and registers it into memory. After the second sensing condition is registered, the D11 Expert automatically sets the sensitivity to the optimum value for the application, and then returns to Run mode.

**Note:** There is a period of a few seconds at the end of TEACH mode, before Run mode begins.

**Light or Dark Operate Selection**

The two sensing conditions may be presented in either order: the light condition first, and then the dark condition, or vice versa. The condition presented first is the condition for which the output energizes. In other words, the output will be light operated if the light condition is TEACH condition #1, or the output will be dark operated if the dark condition is TEACH condition #1.

D11E sensors automatically set to a point just above the dark condition for the best performance in low contrast sensing applications; D11E2 sensors automatically set to a point midway between the dark and light conditions, to ignore subtle changes, such as web flutter.

**Contrast Indication**

When the push button is clicked to teach the second sensing condition, the three LED indicators flash simultaneously to indicate relative sensing contrast. Contrast is the difference in light level between the two sensing conditions.

Higher contrast allows higher sensitivity level, and resulting higher excess gain. A high contrast level is directly related to sensing reliability, and is more forgiving of subtle changes in sensing conditions. The contrast display at the end of TEACH mode is shown, at right.

**Table 1: Contrast Indication**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of flashes at end of TEACH mode</th>
<th>Relative Contrast</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Unacceptable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>High</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If the relative contrast level is unacceptable (1 flash), the program returns to TEACH condition #1.

**TEACH Mode Programming**

1. **Action**
   - Press and hold the button for more than 2 seconds.
   - Result: Green LED: Flashes at 1 Hz
   - Amber LED: Off
   - Red LED: Pulses to indicate relative received signal strength

2. **TEACH Condition #1** (output ON state).
   - **Action**
     - a. Present the first sensing condition to the sensor.
     - b. Single-click the button. 
   - **Result**
     - Green: Flashes at 2 Hz
     - Amber: Off
     - Red: Pulses to indicate relative received signal strength

3. **TEACH Condition #2** (output OFF state).

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4 The sensor returns to RUN mode if the first TEACH condition is not registered within 20 seconds. TEACH mode may be cancelled before either condition #1 or #2 by pressing the push button for more than 2 seconds.
Action | Result
--- | ---
a. Present the second sensing condition to the sensor.  
b. Single-click the button.  
This condition corresponds to the sensor output OFF state.  
Green, amber, and red indicators flash simultaneously one to four times to indicate relative sensing contrast (see Table 1 on page 3) .  
After a few seconds, the sensor returns to RUN mode.

Output Pulse Stretcher

A 40 millisecond pulse stretcher (OFF-delay) may be enabled for applications where a very short sensing event might be missed because of the response of the load or input connected to the sensor output. Turn the pulse stretcher ON or OFF using the following procedure.

1. **Action**
   - Press and hold the button for more than 2 seconds.
   - Green LED: Flashes at 1 Hz
   - Amber LED: Off
   - Red LED: Pulses to indicate relative received signal strength

2. **Result**
   - Pulse Stretcher ON
     - Green: Off
     - Amber: Off
     - Red: Solid on
   - Pulse Stretcher OFF
     - Green: Off
     - Amber: Off
     - Red: Double-flash

3. **Action**
   - Double-click the button to save the configuration and return to Run mode.
   - See Run Mode on page 2

Remote Programming

Connect the D11 Expert’s white wire to a remote switch for three sensor programming functions:
1. Disable or enable the push button
2. TEACH mode programming of sensitivity
3. Enable or disable the 40-millisecond pulse stretcher.

Connect a remote programming switch between the white wire and dc common (see Wiring Diagrams on page 2). The switch may be either a normally open contact, or an open-collector NPN transistor with its emitter connected to dc common.

Program the sensor using a specified sequence of input pulses. The duration of each pulse is defined as: 0.04 seconds < T < 0.8 seconds. 

The required spacing between adjacent pulses in a sequence (for example, a double-pulse) is: 0.04 < T < 0.8 seconds. The timing diagrams illustrate the input requirements.

![Timing Programs Diagram](image)

**Figure 3. Timing Programs**

**Disable or Enable the Push Button**

When remote programming is used exclusively, it may be beneficial to disable the push button on the D11E to increase the security of the settings.

1. To disable the push button: Pulse the remote input four times.
2. To enable the push button at a later date: Pulse the input four times (again).

**Note:** The push button can be enabled and/or disabled via remote line only.
Set Sensitivity Via TEACH Mode
1. Present the first (output ON) sensing condition to the sensor and pulse the remote input once.
2. Present the second (output OFF) sensing condition to the sensor and pulse the remote input once. The three LED indicators flash simultaneously one to four times to indicate relative sensing contrast. The sensor returns to RUN mode.

Enable or Disable the 40-millisecond Pulse Stretcher
1. Pulse the remote input two times. The status of the pulse stretcher is indicated by the red LED: ON if the pulse stretcher is ON, and double-flash if the pulse stretcher is OFF.
2. Pulse the remote input once to toggle the pulse stretcher ON or OFF.
3. Pulse the remote input two times to save the setting and return to Run mode.

Specifications

Supply Voltage and Current
10 V dc to 30 V dc (10% maximum ripple) at less than 45 mA, exclusive of load

Supply Protection Circuitry
Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages

Output Configuration
One (SPST) NPN (sinking) or PNP (sourcing) open-collector transistor, depending on model; programmable for light or dark operate

Output Rating
150 mA maximum
On-state saturation voltage: < 1 V at 10 mA dc; <1.5 V at 150 mA dc

Output Protection Circuitry
Protected against false pulse on power-up and continuous overload or short-circuit

Output Response Time
200 microseconds (0.2 milliseconds) ON and OFF (40 milliseconds OFF when pulse stretcher is programmed).

Note: 100 millisecond delay on power-up; output is non-conducting during this time.

Output Timing Functions
ON/OFF (no delay) or fixed 40 millisecond OFF-delay pulse stretcher; selected by push button

Required Fiber Optic Cable
PI or PB Series plastic fibers

Sensing Beam
Visible red, 680 nm

Repeatability
66 microseconds

Adjustments
Push button TEACH mode sensitivity setting; remote TEACH mode input is provided

Indicators
Three LEDs: Green, Yellow, and Red
Green LED lights for dc power ON and flashes when ready to register the sensing condition during TEACH mode: 1 Hz when waiting to learn first sensing condition; 2 Hz when waiting to learn second sensing condition; 4 Hz when output is overloaded.
Yellow LED lights for output ON (conducing).
Red LED is Banner’s patented Alignment Indicating Device (AID™, U.S. patent #4356393) which lights whenever the sensor sees a light condition and superimposes a pulse rate which is proportional to the strength of the received light signal (the stronger the signal, the faster the pulse rate).

Construction
Black ABS flame retardant housing with acrylic cover
Stainless steel M3 x 0.5 hardware for use with ABS mounting bracket (supplied)

Environmental Rating
IEC IP54; NEMA 2

Connections
2 m (6.5 ft) or 9 m (30 ft) attached cable, or 4-pin Pico-style quick-disconnect fitting; cables for QD models are purchased separately

Operating Conditions
Operating Temperature: −10 °C to +55 °C (+14 °F to +131 °F)
90% at +50 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

Required Overcurrent Protection

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table.
Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply.
Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced.

For additional product support, go to www.bannerengineering.com.

Supply Wiring (AWG) | Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps)
--- | ---
20 | 3.0
22 | 3.0
24 | 2.0
26 | 1.0
28 | 0.8
30 | 0.5

Certifications

P/N 44279 Rev. D www.bannerengineering.com - Tel: +1-763-544-3164
Dimensions

Figure 4. Cabled Models

Figure 5. Quick Disconnect Models
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**Figure 6. Mounting Bracket**

### Accessories

| 4-Pin Snap-on M8/Pico-Style Cordsets |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------|----------------|----------------|
| Model                         | Length        | Style   | Dimensions     | Pinout (Female) |
| PKG4-2                        | 2 m (6.56 ft) | Straight| ø 9.0          | 1 = Brown       |
| PKW4Z-2                       | 2 m (6.56 ft) | Right-Angle| 10.9         | 2 = White       |
|                               |               |         | 29 Typ.         | 3 = Blue        |
|                               |               |         | 32 Typ.         | 4 = Black       |

1 = Brown  
2 = White  
3 = Blue   
4 = Black