

Sure Cross® Performance PB2-KR Node Board Module



Datasheet

Sure Cross® Performance embeddable board modules provide connectivity where traditional wired connections are not possible or are cost prohibitive. Wireless networks are formed around a Gateway, which acts as the wireless network master device, and one or more Nodes. Sure Cross Performance embeddable board modules communicate with all Sure Cross Performance radios.



- Wireless industrial I/O device with two PNP discrete inputs, two PNP discrete outputs, two 0–20 mA analog inputs, and two 0–20 mA analog outputs
- 10 to 30 V dc power input
- DIP switches for user configuration
- Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technology ensures reliable data delivery within the unlicensed Industrial, Scientific, and Medical (ISM) band
- Transceivers provide bidirectional communication between the Gateway and Node, including fully acknowledged data transmission
- Lost RF links are detected and relevant outputs set to user-defined conditions

For additional information, updated documentation, and a list of accessories, refer to Banner Engineering's website, www.bannerengineering.com/wireless. Refer to document number *164886*, packed with your PB2 Gateway, for a quick start guide to forming PB2 to PB2 networks.



WARNING:

- **Do not use this device for personnel protection**
- Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.



Important:

- **Electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive device**
- ESD can damage the device. Damage from inappropriate handling is not covered by warranty.
- Use proper handling procedures to prevent ESD damage. Proper handling procedures include leaving devices in their anti-static packaging until ready for use; wearing anti-static wrist straps; and assembling units on a grounded, static-dissipative surface.

Models

Models	Frequency	Inputs and Outputs
DX80N2X6S-PB2-KR	2.4 GHz ISM Band	Inputs: Two PNP discrete, two 0–20 mA analog Outputs: Two PNP discrete, two 0–20 mA analog

Configuration Instructions

Setting Up Your Wireless Network

To set up and install your wireless network, follow these steps.

Disconnect the power from your Sure Cross devices.

1. Configure the DIP switches of all devices.
2. If your device has I/O, connect the sensors to the Sure Cross devices. If your device does not have I/O, skip this step.



3. Refer to the wiring diagrams to apply power to all devices.
 - For housed models, the Gateway's LED 1 is solid green and the Node's LED 2 flashes red to indicate there is no radio link to the Gateway.
 - For board-level models, the Gateway's LED is solid green and the Node's LED flashes red to indicate there is no radio link to the Gateway.
4. Form the wireless network by binding the Nodes to the Gateway. If the binding instructions are not included in the datasheet, refer to the product manual for binding instructions.
5. Observe the LED behavior to verify the devices are communicating with each other.
 - For housed models, the Gateway's LED 1 is solid green and the Node's LED 1 flashes green to indicate it is communicating with the Gateway.
 - For board-level models, the Gateway's LED is solid green and the Node's LED flashes green to indicate it is communicating with the Gateway.
6. Configure any I/O points to use the sensors connected to the Sure Cross devices.
7. Conduct a site survey between the Gateway and Nodes. If the site survey instructions are not included in this datasheet, refer to the product manual for detailed site survey instructions.
8. Install your wireless sensor network components. If installation instructions are not included in this datasheet, refer to the product manual for detailed installation instructions.

For additional information, including installation and setup, weatherproofing, device menu maps, troubleshooting, and a list of accessories, refer to one of the following product manuals.

- Sure Cross® Quick Start Guide: [128185](#)
- Sure Cross® Wireless I/O Network Instruction Manual: [132607](#)
- Web Configurator Instruction Manual (used with "Pro" and DX83 models): [134421](#)
- Host Controller Systems Instruction Manual: [132114](#)

Configure the DIP Switches

Before changing DIP switch positions, disconnect the power. Any changes made to the DIP switches are not recognized until after power is cycled to the device.

For parameters not set via DIP switches, use the User Configuration Software to make configuration changes. For parameters set using the DIP switches, the DIP switch positions override any changes made using the User Configuration Software.

DIP Switch Settings

Device Settings	Switches							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Transmit power level (900 MHz): 1 W (30 dBm)	OFF*							
Transmit power level (900 MHz): 250 mW (24 dBm), DX80 compatibility mode	ON							
Modbus or software configured (overrides DIP switches 3-8)		OFF*						
DIP switch configured		ON						
Link loss output: OFF or 0 mA				OFF*	OFF*			
Link loss output: ON or 20 mA				OFF	ON			
Link loss output: hold last state				ON	OFF			
Reserved				ON	ON			
0–20 mA scale ¹						OFF*		
4–20 mA scale ¹						ON		

* Default configuration

Analog Input and Output Scale

Use the DIP switch to select which current scale to use for all the device's analog inputs and outputs: 0 to 20 mA or 4 to 20 mA. When using a 4-20 mA sensor with a 0-20 mA input, the sensor uses the 4-20 mA section of the total range. Using a 4-20 mA with a 0-20 mA input allows you to determine when you have an error condition with the sensor. A normal input reading between 4 and 20 mA indicates a functioning sensor whereas a value below 4 mA indicates an error condition, such as a broken wire or loose connection. This DIP switch is used only on the 0 to 20 mA models, not the 0 to 10V models.

¹ Not used for 0–10 V analog I/O models

Link Loss Outputs

The Sure Cross® wireless devices use a deterministic radio link time-out method to address RF link interruption or failure. When a radio link fails, all pertinent wired outputs are set to defined states until the link is recovered, ensuring that disruptions in the communications link result in predictable system behavior.

Following a radio link time-out, all outputs linked to the Node in question are set to de-energize (discrete outputs to zero, analog outputs to 0 mA or 4 mA), energize (discrete outputs to one, analog outputs to 20 mA), or hold the last stable state/value. Use the DIP switches to select the link loss output state.

Modbus/Software or DIP Switch Configured

In Modbus/Software Configured mode, use the User Configuration Software or a Modbus command to change the device parameters. DIP switch positions 3 through 8 are ignored. In DIP Switch Configured mode, use the DIP switches to configure the parameters listed in the table.

Transmit Power Levels

The 900 MHz radios transmit at 1 Watt (30 dBm) or 250 mW (24 dBm). While the Performance radios operate in 1 Watt mode, they cannot communicate with the older 150 mW radios. To communicate with 150 mW radios, operate this radio in 250 mW mode. For 2.4 GHz models, this DIP switch is disabled. The transmit power for 2.4 GHz is fixed at about 65 mW EIRP (18 dBm), making the 2.4 GHz Performance models automatically compatible with older 2.4 GHz models.

Wire the Node's I/O and Power

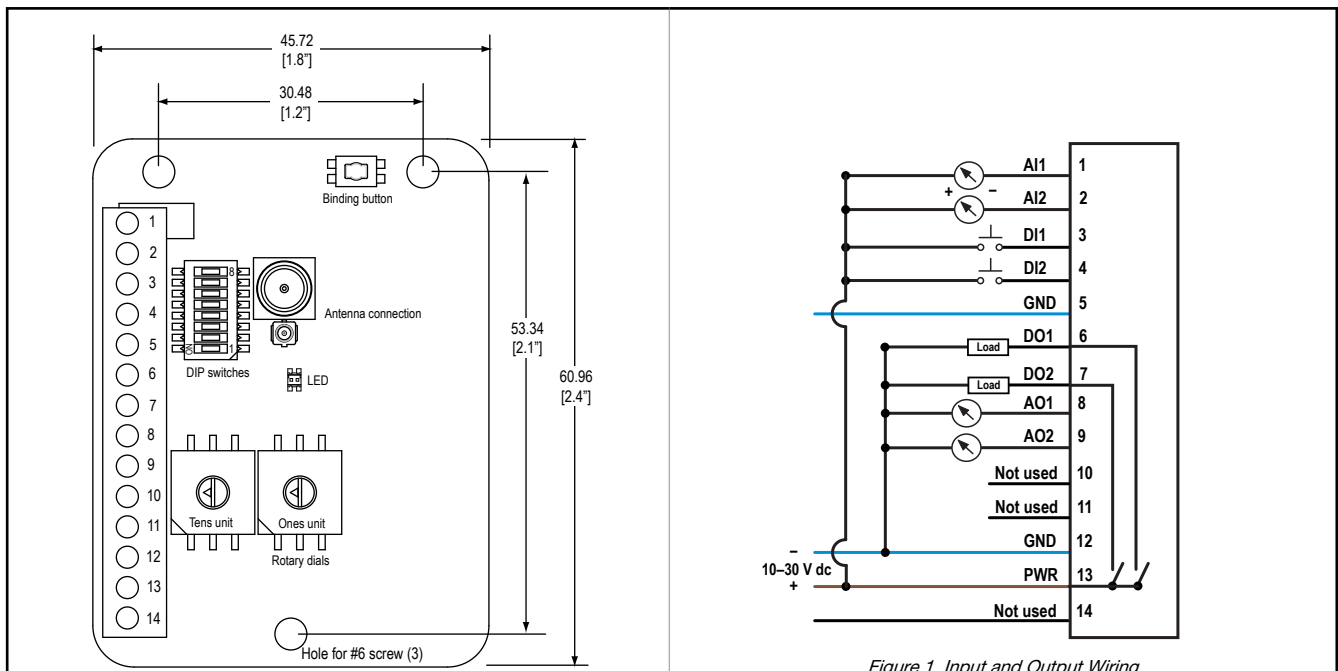


Figure 1. Input and Output Wiring

Pin	Description	Label	Pin	Description	Label
1	Analog IN 1 (0 to 20 mA)	AI1	8	Analog OUT 1 (0 to 20 mA)	AO1
2	Analog IN 2 (0 to 20 mA)	AI2	9	Analog OUT 2 (0 to 20 mA)	AO2
3	Discrete IN 1 (PNP)	DI1	10	Not used	-
4	Discrete IN 2 (PNP)	DI2	11	Not used	-
5	Ground	GND	12	Ground	GND
6	Discrete OUT 1 (PNP)	DO1	13	10 to 30 V dc	PWR
7	Discrete OUT 2 (PNP)	DO2	14	Not used	-

Bind Radios to Form Networks

Binding Nodes to a Gateway ensures the Nodes only exchange data with the Gateway they are bound to. For a more detailed definition of binding mode, refer to the *Advanced Setup* section of the *SureCross Wireless I/O Networks* instruction manual.

Apply power to the Gateway and Nodes.

1. Enter binding mode on the Gateway.
 - If you have a two-button Gateway, triple-click button 2
 - If you have a one-button Gateway, triple-click the button
 - If you have a Gateway with no buttons, remove the rotary dial access cover and set both the right and left rotary dials to 0, then set both the right and left rotary dials to F.
 - If you have a DXM, under the **ISM Radio** menu, use the down arrow button to highlight the **Binding** menu. Click **ENTER**.



The LEDs flash alternately when the Gateway is in binding mode. Any Node entering binding mode will bind to this Gateway.

2. Use the Node's rotary dials to assign a valid decimal Node Address (between 01 and 47). The left rotary dial represents the tens digit (0 through 4) and the right dial represents the ones digit (0 through 9) of the Node Address.
3. Enter binding mode on the Node.
 - If you have a two-button Node, triple-click button 2.
 - If you have a one-button Node, triple-click the button.
 - If you have a Node with no buttons, remove the top cover and set both the left and right rotary dials to F to enter binding mode.²

The Node enters binding mode and locates the Gateway in binding mode.

For two LED models, the red LEDs flash alternately. After binding is complete, both LEDs are both solid red for a few seconds.

For one-LED models, the red and green LED flashes alternately while the Node searches for the Gateway. After binding is complete, the LED is red and green for four seconds (looks amber), then the red and green flash simultaneously (looks amber) four times.

The Node automatically exits binding mode, cycles its power, then enters RUN mode.

4. For DXM models, click **BACK** to exit binding for that specific Node address.
5. Repeat steps 2 through 4 for all Nodes that will communicate to this Gateway.
6. Exit binding mode on the Gateway.
 - If you have a two-button Gateway, single-click either button.
 - If you have a one-button Gateway, single-click the button.
 - If you have a Gateway with no buttons, change the Gateway's rotary dials to a valid Network ID.
 - If you have a DXM, click **BACK** until you return to the main menu.

When installing special kits with pre-mapped I/O, indicated by device model numbers beginning in DX80K, return the rotary dials to their original positions after binding. If the rotary dials are not returned to their original positions, the I/O mapping will not work.

LED Behavior for the Nodes

Nodes do not sample inputs until they are communicating with the Gateway. The radios and antennas must be a minimum distance apart to function properly. Recommended minimum distances are:

- 900 MHz 150 mW and 250 mW radios: 6 feet
- 900 MHz 1 Watt radios: 15 feet
- 2.4 GHz 65 mW radios: 1 foot

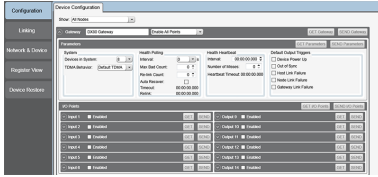
LED (Bi-color)	Node Status
Flashing green	Radio link okay
Green and red flashing alternately	In Binding mode
Both colors are solid for 4 seconds, then flash 4 times; looks amber	Binding mode is complete

² Some older M-GAGE Nodes (models DX80N*X1W0P0ZR) may require F-F binding despite having a single button. Refer to the Node's datasheet for specific information.

LED (BI-color)	Node Status
Flashing red, once every 3 seconds	Radio link error
Flashing red, once every second	Device error

Sure Cross® User Configuration Software

The User Configuration Software offers an easy way to link I/O points in your wireless network, view I/O register values, and set system communication parameters when a host system is not part of the wireless network. The software runs on any computer with the Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, or Windows 10 operating system.



Use a USB to RS-485 adapter cable to connect a standalone DX80 Gateway to the computer. For DXM Controllers with an internal DX80 radio, connect a computer to the DXM Controller using a USB or Ethernet connection. Download the most recent revisions of the configuration software from Banner Engineering's website: www.bannerengineering.com/wireless.

The USB to RS-485 adapter cable is not required for the DXM Controller. For standalone DX80 Gateway devices use:

- USB to RS-485 adapter cable model BWA-UCT-900 for 1 Watt radios
- USB to RS-485 adapter cable model BWA-HW-006 for all other radios

Installing the Board Modules

Sure Cross® board modules must be mounted inside a panel or OEM enclosure.

Holding Registers

Modbus Registers		EIP Registers		I/O Type	I/O Range		Holding Register Representation (Dec)	
Gateway	Node	Node			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
1	1 + (Node# × 16)	0 + (Node# × 8)	Instance 100 / N7	Discrete IN 1	0	1	0	1
2	2 + (Node# × 16)	1 + (Node# × 8)		Discrete IN 2	0	1	0	1
3	3 + (Node# × 16)	2 + (Node# × 8)		Analog IN 1 (mA)	0.0	20.0	0	65535
4	4 + (Node# × 16)	3 + (Node# × 8)		Analog IN 2 (mA)	0.0	20.0	0	65535
...						
7	7 + (Node# × 16)	6 + (Node# × 8)		Reserved				
8	8 + (Node# × 16)	7 + (Node# × 8)		Device Message				
9	9 + (Node# × 16)	0 + (Node# × 8)	Instance 112 / N14	Discrete OUT 1	0	1	0	1
10	10 + (Node# × 16)	1 + (Node# × 8)		Discrete OUT 2	0	1	0	1
11	11 + (Node# × 16)	2 + (Node# × 8)		Analog OUT 1 (mA)	0.0	20.0	0	65535
12	12 + (Node# × 16)	3 + (Node# × 8)		Analog OUT 2 (mA)	0.0	20.0	0	65535
...						
15	15 + (Node# × 16)	6 + (Node# × 8)		Control Message				
16	16 + (Node# × 16)	7 + (Node# × 8)		Reserved				

Specifications

Performance 2.4 GHz Korean Radio Specifications

Radio Range⁸

2.4 GHz, 65 mW: Up to 3.2 km (2 miles)

Antenna Minimum Separation Distance

2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 0.3 m (1 ft)

Radio Transmit Power

2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 18 dBm (65 mW) conducted, less than or equal to 20 dBm (100 mW) EIRP

Spread Spectrum Technology

FHSS (Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum)

2.4 GHz Compliance for Korean Radio Models

KCC-CRM-BE2-DX

Antenna Connection

Ext. Reverse Polarity SMA, 50 Ohms
Max Tightening Torque: 0.45 N·m (4 lbf·in)

Link Timeout

Gateway: Configurable via User Configuration Tool (UCT) software
Node: Defined by Gateway

⁸ Radio range is with the 2 dB antenna that ships with the product. High-gain antennas are available, but the range depends on the environment and line of sight. Always verify your wireless network's range by performing a Site Survey.

Performance PB2-KR Node Specifications

Supply Voltage

10 V dc to 30 V dc (Outside the USA: 12 V dc to 24 V dc, ± 10%)

Discrete Input

Two, PNP
 Rating: 3 mA max current at 30 V dc
 Sample Rate: 62.5 milliseconds
 Report Rate: On change of state
 ON Condition (PNP): Greater than 8 V
 OFF Condition (PNP): Less than 5 V

Analog Inputs

Two, 0–20 mA
 Rating: 24 mA
 Impedance: Approximately 100 Ohms⁴
 Sample Rate: 62.5 milliseconds
 Report Rate: 1 second or On Change of State (1% change in value)
 Accuracy: 0.1% of full scale +0.01% per °C
 Resolution: 12-bit

Discrete Output

Two, PNP
 Update Rate: 1 second
 ON Condition (PNP): Supply minus 2 V
 OFF Condition (PNP): Less than 2 V
 Output State Following Timeout: De-energized (OFF)

Interface

One bi-color LED indicator
 One button

Wiring Access

Terminal block

Analog Outputs

Update Rate: 125 milliseconds
 Accuracy: 0.1% of full scale +0.01% per °C
 Resolution: 12-bit

Operating Conditions⁵

–40 °C to +85 °C (–40 °F to +185 °F)
 95% maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

Radiated Immunity HF

10 V/m (EN 61000-4-3)

Certifications



MultiHop M-HBx and Performance PBx Models Mounted on the Base

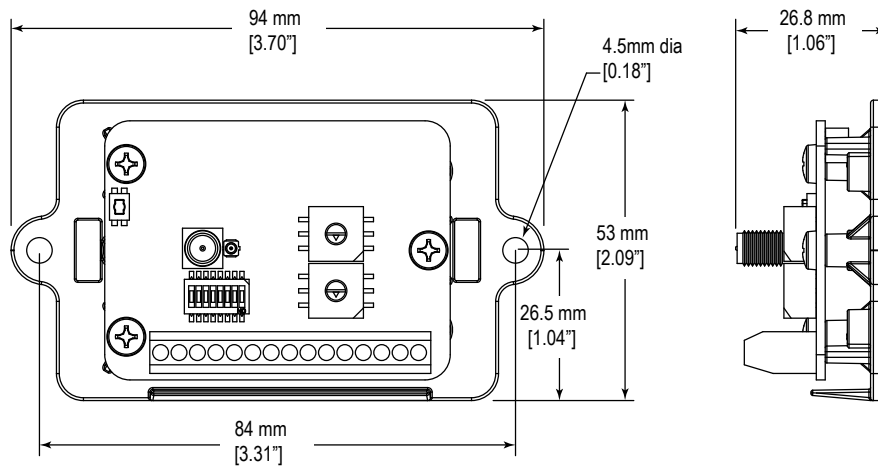


Figure 2. Most MultiHop M-HBx and Performance PBx models ship from the factory mounted on a plastic base.

Accessories for the Board Models

BWA-HW-034

- DIN rail clip, black plastic



BWA-HW-030

- u.FL to RP-SMA adapter cable



⁴ To verify the analog input's impedance, use an Ohm meter to measure the resistance between the analog input terminal (AIx) and the ground (GND) terminal.
⁵ Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

Warnings

Install and properly ground a qualified surge suppressor when installing a remote antenna system. Remote antenna configurations installed without surge suppressors invalidate the manufacturer's warranty. Keep the ground wire as short as possible and make all ground connections to a single-point ground system to ensure no ground loops are created. No surge suppressor can absorb all lightning strikes; do not touch the Sure Cross® device or any equipment connected to the Sure Cross device during a thunderstorm.

Exporting Sure Cross® Radios. It is our intent to fully comply with all national and regional regulations regarding radio frequency emissions. **Customers who want to re-export this product to a country other than that to which it was sold must ensure the device is approved in the destination country.** The Sure Cross wireless products were certified for use in these countries using the antenna that ships with the product. When using other antennas, verify you are not exceeding the transmit power levels allowed by local governing agencies. This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed on Banner Engineering's website and having a maximum gain of 9 dBm. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 9 dBm are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen such that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) is not more than that permitted for successful communication. Consult with Banner Engineering Corp. if the destination country is not on this list.

Banner Engineering Corp. Limited Warranty

Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year following the date of shipment. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture which, at the time it is returned to the factory, is found to have been defective during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for misuse, abuse, or the improper application or installation of the Banner product.

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE), AND WHETHER ARISING UNDER COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING OR TRADE USAGE.

This Warranty is exclusive and limited to repair or, at the discretion of Banner Engineering Corp., replacement. **IN NO EVENT SHALL BANNER ENGINEERING CORP. BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FOR ANY EXTRA COSTS, EXPENSES, LOSSES, LOSS OF PROFITS, OR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY PRODUCT DEFECT OR FROM THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PRODUCT, WHETHER ARISING IN CONTRACT OR WARRANTY, STATUTE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, NEGLIGENCE, OR OTHERWISE.**

Banner Engineering Corp. reserves the right to change, modify or improve the design of the product without assuming any obligations or liabilities relating to any product previously manufactured by Banner Engineering Corp. Any misuse, abuse, or improper application or installation of this product or use of the product for personal protection applications when the product is identified as not intended for such purposes will void the product warranty. Any modifications to this product without prior express approval by Banner Engineering Corp will void the product warranties. All specifications published in this document are subject to change; Banner reserves the right to modify product specifications or update documentation at any time. Specifications and product information in English supersede that which is provided in any other language. For the most recent version of any documentation, refer to: www.bannerengineering.com.

For patent information, see www.bannerengineering.com/patents.



more sensors, more solutions